CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY

(a Component Unit of the County of Orange, California)

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Prepared by:

Michael Garcell, CPA (inactive)

Director of Finance

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page(s)	
INTRODUCTORY SECTION:		
Letter of Transmittal.	i	
Board of Commissioners	iv	
Organization Chart	v	
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	vi	
FINANCIAL SECTION:		
Independent Auditor's Report	1	
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)	5	
Basic Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	17	
Statement of Activities	18	
Governmental Fund Balance Sheet	19	
Reconciliation of the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet		
to the Statement of Net Position.	20	
Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues,		
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	21	
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund		
Balance of the Governmental Fund to the Statement of Activities	22	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –	22	
Budget and Actual	23	
Notes to Basic Financial Statements.	24	
Required Supplementary Information		
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	48	
Schedule of Commission Contributions - Pension	49	
Schedule of Changes in Commission Net OPEB Liabilities	50	
Schedule of Commission Contributions – OPEB	51	
Supplementary Information		
Schedule of First 5 California Funding	53	

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

STATISTICAL SECTION:	
Financial Trends	
Net Position by Component	
Changes in Net Position	
Fund Balances – General Fund	
Changes in Fund Balance – General Fund	
Revenue Capacity	
First 5 California County Tax Revenue Capacity	
State of California - Cigarette Taxes and Other Tobacco Products Surtax Revenue	<u>.</u>
State of California – Cigarette Distributions and Per Capita Consumption	
Debt Capacity	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	
Demographic Information	
Demographic Data	
Live Births, California Counties	.
Children's Score Card Orange County	
Operating Information	
Capital Asset Statistics.	
Principal Employers	
Employees by Function.	
COMPLIANCE REPORT:	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting at On Compliance and Other Matters based on an Audit of Financial Statement Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	ts
Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance.	



November 17, 2023

Board of Commissioners First 5 Orange County Children and Families Commission of Orange County 1505 East 17th Street, Suite 230 Santa Ana, CA 92705

Dear Commissioners,

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the Children and Families Commission of Orange County (the Commission) is hereby submitted. This report contains financial statements that have been prepared in conformity with United States Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) prescribed for governmental entities. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the Commission. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material aspects and is reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and changes to the financial position of the Children and Families Commission of Orange County. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the Commission's financial activities have been included.

The ACFR has been audited by the independent certified public accounting firm of Eide Bailly, LLP. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements of the Commission for the year ended June 30, 2023, are free of material misstatement. The independent certified public accounting firm has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the Commission's financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

This letter of transmittal is designed to complement and should be read in conjunction with the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that immediately follows the independent auditor's report. The MD&A provides a narrative introduction, overview, and an analysis of the basic financial statements.

Profile of the Commission

The Commission was established by the Orange County Board of Supervisors in September 1999 following the passage of Proposition 10, through which California voters made an unprecedented investment in early childhood development. The Commission's activities have been built to develop, adopt, promote and implement programs to support early childhood development. Since inception, the Commission has made a lasting positive impact in Orange County through its expenditures of approximately \$858 million toward grants, programs and operations that improve the well-being of young children and families in Orange County.

Relevant Financial Policies

Financial Plan

In April 2023, the Board of Commissioners confirmed the updated Long-Term Financial Plan (LTFP). The LTFP, which is reviewed annually to incorporate the prior year-end financials as well as updated revenue projections and continues to anticipate annual decreases in Proposition 10 tobacco tax collections. Since its peak in 2000, the Commission has had an overall reduction of over 50% in revenue, and tobacco revenue is projected to continue to decline at a rate of 3% to 4% annually. Above and beyond the expected annual decline in tobacco tax revenue was the passage of the sale of flavored tobacco products in November 2023. The ban on the sale of these products had an immediate impact on the tax revenue received in Fiscal Year 2022-2023 and is expected to further decrease revenue in Fiscal Year 2023-2024 before settling back into the previous pattern of 3% - 4% annual decline.

The overall decrease in tobacco tax revenues was the focus of discussions around the LTFP. Reduced future year expenditure targets were incorporated into the plan along with some remaining set asides for future anticipated one-time systems building funding. The annual budget reductions will be supplemented with funding reserves to align with future, expected tobacco tax revenue and the Strategic Plan.

Strategic Plan

In April 2021, First 5 OC updated its Strategic Plan envisioning an Orange County in which "All children reach their full potential." The updated Plan was reviewed again in April 2022. The groundwork for this vision to be achieved is set during a child's earliest years. First 5 OC partners with many organizations working towards creating and maintaining an early childhood system that families experience as a seamless network of care. The conditions needed for children to thrive are:

- Early and Ongoing Health and Development;
- Equitable Distribution of Resources;
- A Safe, Stable, and Nurturing Home; and
- Neighborhoods that Support Young Children and Families.

First 5 OC uses four guiding strategies to provide a lens through which to prioritize our work. We believe these four strategies have the most impact on improving the conditions needed for children and families to thrive:

- Get Involved Early;
- Elevate Equity;
- Empower Champions; and
- Align Systems of Care.

Other Financial Information

Internal Control

The management of the Commission is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the public entity are protected from loss, theft, or misuse. Management is also responsible for ensuring that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Budgetary Control

The objective of budgetary control is to ensure that spending is limited to the total amount authorized by the Board of Commissioners. The initial budget for Fiscal Year 2022-2023 was adopted on June 1, 2022. The President/CEO has the discretion to adjust the budget as defined within the budget policy of the Board of Commissioners. Monthly financial highlights are provided to the Board of Commissioners.

Risk Management

The Commission manages its risk exposure in part through the purchase of Workers Compensation, Property, General Liability, Auto, Crime and Directors and Officers insurance through the County of Orange.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Commission for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This was the tenth consecutive year that the Commission has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the Commission must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report must satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. I believe that the current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

I would like to express my sincere appreciation to Commission staff and the staff of the certified public accounting firm of Eide Bailly, LLP. I hope this report will be of interest and use to those in the County of Orange, other governmental agencies, and the public interested in the financial activity of the Commission.

Sincerely,

Kimberly Goll President/CEO

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CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

COMMISSION BOARD MEMBERS (9)

Ramin Baschshi, M.D. (A)

Chair

An Tran (M) Social Services Agency

Jackie Filbeck (A)

Susan McClintic (A)

Angie Rowe (A)

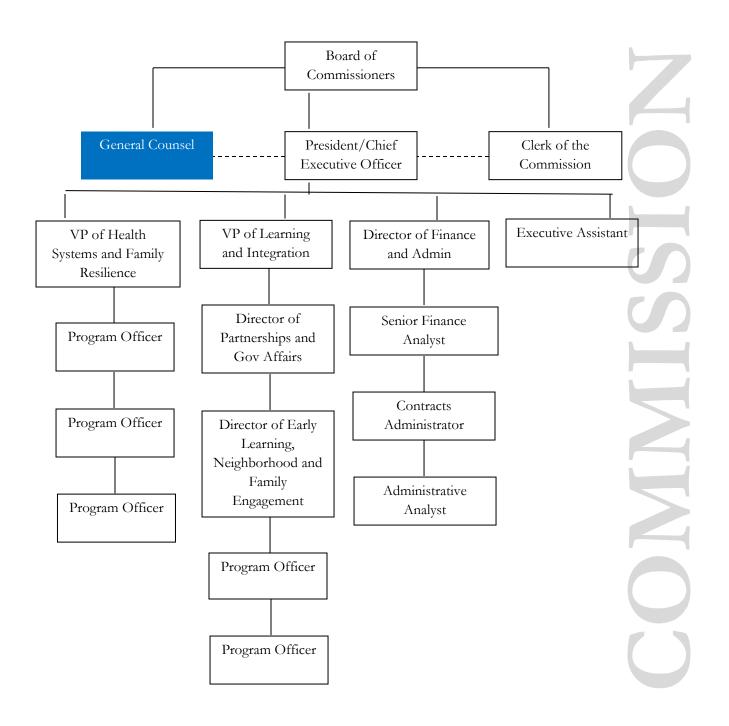
(M) Mandatory members

(A) At-large members

Doug Chaffee (M) Board of Supervisors Vice Chair Clayton Chau, M.D., Ph.D. (M) Health Care Agency Yvette Lavery (A)

Soledad Rivera (A)

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY ORGANIZATION CHART FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Children and Families Commission of Orange County California

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Chuitophu P. Morrill
Executive Director/CEO



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Commissioners Children and Families Commission of Orange County Santa Ana, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund of the Children and Families Commission of Orange County (the Commission), a component unit of the County of Orange, California as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the general fund of the Commission, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control—related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset), schedule of changes in Commission's net OPEB liability, and schedules of the Commission's contributions – pension and OPEB, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements. The schedule of First 5 California Funding is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of First 5 California Funding is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 17, 2023, on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Laguna Hills, California

Esde Saelly LLP

November 17, 2023

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

As management of the Children and Families Commission of Orange County (Commission), we offer readers of the Commission's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report this overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Please read in conjunction with the Commission's basic financial statements and accompanying notes.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of the Commission as reported on the Statement of Net Position exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$66.8 million at the end of the current fiscal year, an increase of \$2.8 million (4.4%) from the prior fiscal year. The increase in Net Position is primarily due to program reimbursement revenues and planned decreases in overall program spending.
- As of June 30, 2023, the Commission's governmental fund statements reported an ending fund balance totaling \$65.6 million, an increase of \$2.3 million (3.6%).
- The total ending fund balance of \$65.6 million was classified into the following categories: \$0.8 million as non-spendable, \$12 million as committed, \$25.5 million as assigned, and \$27.4 million as unassigned.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual comprehensive financial report consists of three parts: the introduction section, the basic financial statements including government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements, and the statistical section. The Commission's financial statements, prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), offer key, high-level financial information about the activities during the reporting period.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Commission's finances and activities. These statements are prepared using the full accrual basis of accounting and a total economic resource measurement focus, in order to provide both long-term and short-term information about the Commission's overall financial status. A detailed definition of these methods is described in Note 1 of the basic financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all Commission assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Changes in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Commission is improving or declining.

The Statement of Activities presents changes in the Commission's net position during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but not received, unused vacation leave, net pension liability).

Fund Financial Statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund accounting is used to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related and legal requirements. All Commission activities are accounted for in the general fund.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

resources available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the Commission's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of government funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the Commission's near-term financial decisions. Reconciliations are presented for the Balance Sheet of governmental funds and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of governmental funds to facilitate comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements are prepared on a modified accrual basis, which means that they measure only current financial resources and uses. Capital assets and long-term liabilities are not presented in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements, as they do not represent current available resources or obligations. The Commission adopts an annual appropriated budget for the general fund. A budgetary comparison statement for the general fund is presented in the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the adopted budget.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

ANALYSIS OF THE COMMISSION'S GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Net Position

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Commission, net position was approximately \$66.8 million at the end of the current fiscal year, an increase of 4.4% from the prior fiscal year's net position. The increase is due to increased revenue from investments and planned reductions in ongoing programs costs to align with the long-term financial plan. Following is a summary of the government-wide Statement of Net Position comparing balances at June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

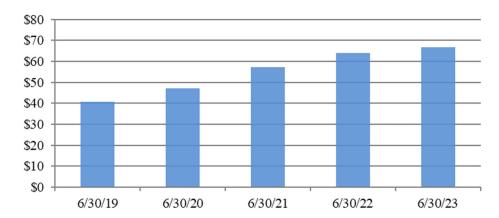
Most of the Commission's net position as of June 30, 2023 is considered unrestricted because their use is not for a purpose narrower than the Commission's purpose and were comprised of the following:

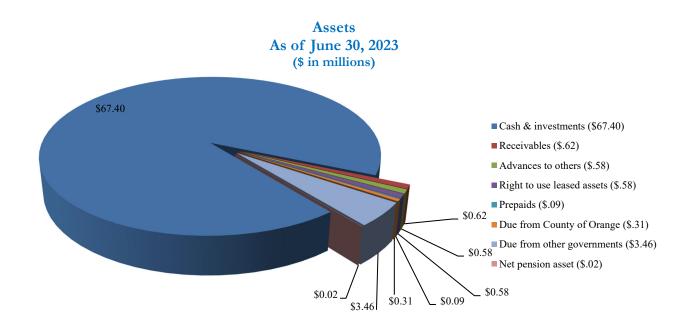
CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22	Percent Increase (Decrease)
Assets:	ф (7.200. (ГГ	Ф (Г.247 (77	2.10/
Cash and investments	\$ 67,389,655	\$ 65,347,677	3.1%
Imprest cash Interest receivable	10,000 620,439	10,000 105,400	488.7%
	309,971	449,768	-31.1%
Due from County of Orange Due from other governments	3,464,279	2,127,405	62.8%
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	94,779	106,675	-11.2%
Prepaids Advances to others	·	·	-72.6%
	581,843	2,122,468	-72.0% -97.3%
Net pension asset	21,849	811,951	
Capital assets - right-to-use lease assets,	521,429	101,206	415.2%
net of amortization Total assets	73,014,244	71,182,550	2.6%
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Pension related amounts	1 255 246	701.017	71 20/
OPEB related amounts	1,355,246	791,016	71.3%
	116,000	96,000	20.8%
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,471,246	887,016	65.9%
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	2,090,514	2,125,922	-1.7%
Due to County of Orange	317,042	1,442	
Due to other governments	2,392,306	3,442,946	-30.5%
Retentions payable	1,195,485	790,668	51.2%
Accrued wages and benefits	94,980	57,568	65.0%
Non-Current liabilities:			
Due Within One Year			
Compensated absences	91,669	74,116	23.7%
Lease payables	57,873	77,555	-25.4%
Due in More than One Year		·	
Compensated absences	16,490	22,444	-26.5%
Lease payables	465,651	25,759	1,707.7%
Net OPEB Liability	269,000	231,000	16.5%
Total liabilities	6,991,010	6,849,420	2.1%
Deferred Inflows of Resources:			
Pension related amounts	689,028	1,203,511	-42.7%
OPEB related amounts	41,000	87,000	-52.9%
Total deferred inflows of resources	730,028	1,290,511	-43.4%
Total deferred fillows of resources	150,020	1,270,311	13.170
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(2,095)	(2,108)	-0.6%
Unrestricted	66,766,547	63,931,743	4.4%
Total net position	\$ 66,764,452	\$ 63,929,635	4.4%

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net Position Comparison of Last Five Fiscal Years (\$ in millions)





CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Assets, Current and Other

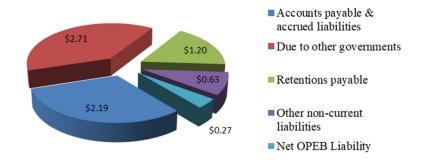
- Cash and investments totaled \$67.4 million. All \$67.4 million was invested in the Orange County Investment Pool (OCIP), except for a small petty cash fund held at the Commission. The investments in OCIP are managed by the County Treasurer and reviewed for compliance with the Commission's Annual Investment Policy. Cash and investments increased by 3.1% due to a lower baseline of program expenditures compared to revenue receipts. This approach has been intentional to build a fund balance to supplement future-year revenue declines.
- Due from other governments totaled \$3.5 million. Of this amount, \$2.75 million is Prop 10 tobacco tax revenue due from the State of California for the May and June 2023 allocations as well as California Electronic Cigarette Excise Tax (CECET) revenue for the fiscal year.
- Advances to others totaled \$581,843 million and represents funds advanced to contractors for services not
 provided by June 30, 2023. Approximately \$0.5 million was remaining as an advance to expand and improve
 the quality of developmental screenings countywide. The advances cover future periods up to Fiscal Year 2030.
- Prepaids represents early payments made to the Orange County Employee's Retirement System for employer contributions that will be applied towards contributions after the next measurement date of December 31, 2023.
- Intangible right-to-use assets, net of amortization totaled \$521,429 for the Commission's office space lease and copier lease. The increase from the amount reported in the prior year is due to a seven-year lease extension agreed upon during the fiscal year. Note 9 to the Commission financial statements provides further detail on the Commission's leases.
- Net pension asset of \$21,849 is reported compared to a net pension asset of \$811,951 million in the prior year.
 Several factors contributed to the change in the net pension asset. The most significant factor is the recognition new deferred flows specifically due to the difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

- The Commission participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension plan, the Orange County Employees
 Retirement System, and the cost-sharing multiple-employer County of Orange Retiree Benefit Plan. As a
 participant, the Commission is required to report its proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources
 related to pensions and other post-employment benefits.
- Deferred outflows of resources include \$1,355,246 which represents pension related amounts for measurement period ending December 31, 2022. Also included are total deferred outflows related to OPEB of \$116,000 as of measurement period ending December 31, 2022.
- Note 8 and 12 to the Commission financial statements provides further detail of all deferred outflows of resources reported in Fiscal Year 2022-2023.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Liabilities As of June 30, 2023



Liabilities

- Accounts payable and due to other governments total \$4.8 million. These payables are for funded program
 services not yet billed at June 30, 2023 are based on established contract terms. The current balance represents
 a decrease from the prior year because several Commission funded programs had smaller budgets compared to
 the prior year and timelier submittal of invoices from program partners.
- Retentions payable total \$1.2 million. Retentions payable are held until end of contract audits are completed and received by the Commission to ensure compliance with contract terms.
- Other liabilities total \$94,980 consisting of accrued wages and benefits.
- Non-current liabilities assets total \$900,683 consisting of amount due for compensated absences, leases, and OPEB liabilities. The increase from the prior year is due to the seven-year extension of the office lease.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

- The Commission participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension plan, the Orange County Employees Retirement System, and the cost-sharing multiple-employer County of Orange Retiree Benefit Plan. As a participant, the Commission is required to report its proportionate share of deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other post-employment benefits.
- Total deferred inflows of resources of \$0.7 million is the result of the differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments, and changes in the Commission's proportionate share occurring over the measurement period ending December 31, 2022.
- Note 8 and 13 to the Commission financial statements provides further detail of all deferred inflows of resources recognized in Fiscal Year 2022-2023.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Changes in Net Position

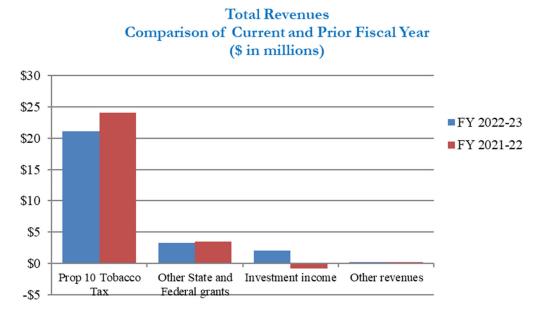
For the year ended June 30, 2023, current year operations increased the Commission's net position by \$2.8 million. The increase is due to both the timing of revenues from outside program funding, increased tobacco tax revenue, and the overall planned reduction of program expenditures. The following is a summary of the Commission's Statement of Activities comparing revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

	FY 2022-23	FY 2021-22	Percent Increase (Decrease)
Revenues:			
Program Revenues			
Tobacco taxes	\$ 21,069,393	\$ 24,080,410	-12.50%
Other State and Federal operating grants and contributions	3,281,694	3,522,697	-6.84%
Interest income earned on tobacco taxes at the State	77,855	11,467	578.95%
Total program revenues	24,428,943	27,614,574	-11.54%
General Revenues			
Investment income net of decrease in fair value	2,014,113	-787,916	-355.63%
Miscellaneous revenues	180,737	171,583	5.33%
Total general revenues	2,194,849	-616,333	-456.11%
Total revenues	26,623,792	26,998,241	-1.39%
Expenses:			
0-5 Child development programs	21,921,125	19,218,830	14.06%
Salaries and benefits	1,867,850	1,074,187	73.88%
Total expenses	23,788,975	20,293,017	17.23%
Change in net position:	2,834,817	6,705,224	
Net position – July 1	63,929,635	57,224,411	11.72%
Net position – June 30	\$ 66,764,452	\$ 63,929,635	4.43%

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Total revenues

The Commission's total revenues are comprised of both program revenues, which are restricted to one or more specific program uses, and general revenues.



Program revenues

The Commission's program revenues totaled \$24.4 million in Fiscal Year 2023. This represented a decrease of \$3.2 million (-11.5%) from Fiscal Year 2021-2022 program revenues. The decrease is due to lower tobacco tax revenue from a decline in statewide tobacco product sales.

- Tobacco Tax revenue includes revenues from taxes levied on tobacco products by the State of California and distributed amongst all counties based on the percentage of county birthrates as established in Proposition 10. This revenue decreased by \$3 million from the prior fiscal year. The lower tax revenues are a result of the statewide ban on the sale flavored tobacco products that became effective in November 2022. Beginning July 1, 2022, retailers of electronic cigarettes (in-state or out-of-state) are required to collect from the purchaser at the time of sale the California Electronic Cigarette Excise Tax (CECET) at the rate of 12.5 percent (12.50%) of the retail selling price of electronic cigarettes containing or sold with nicotine. A portion of CECET collected was allocated to First 5 CA and county First 5 Commissions. \$.38 million of CECET revenue was recognized by the Commission in Fiscal-Year 2022-2023.
- Other State and Federal operating grants and contributions for Fiscal Year 2022-2023 includes revenue from the state-wide IMPACT and Home Visiting program reimbursements that are variable from year to year and based on actual expenses. Of the total operating grants and contributions, \$1.5 million was for the state-wide IMPACT program and \$1.5 was for the CalWORKS Home Visiting Program.

General revenues

The Commission's general revenues totaled \$2.2 million in Fiscal Year 2022-2023. General revenues include all revenues that do not qualify as program revenues, such as investment income and other miscellaneous revenue reimbursements.

• Investment income increased significantly from the prior fiscal year. The increase in investment income from the Orange County Investment Pool (OCIP), which is administered by the County Treasurer, is due

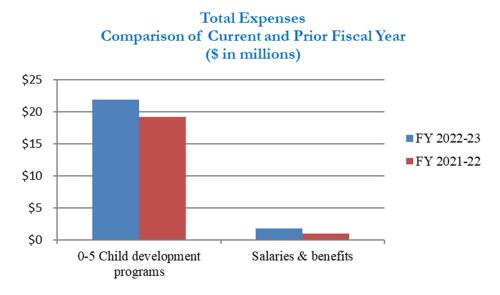
CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

higher investment returns and the reversal of the prior year fair value adjustment. The Commission is required to record changes in the fair value of investments, and the prior year negative fair value adjustment was reported against revenue in the operating statement last year.

• Miscellaneous revenue increased slightly (5.3%) due to partnering with new community organizations to fund events and projects.

Governmental Activities Expenses

Total expenses increased by \$3.5 million (17%) from the prior fiscal year. The increase is due mostly to the timing of one-time systems building costs specifically for Children's Dental programs. Expenses for staff salaries and benefits also increased from the prior year due to the addition of staff.



- Zero-to-five child development programs increased by \$2.7 million (14.1%) from the prior fiscal year to fund
 programs serving children and families within the Commission's strategic goal areas of Prenatal-to-Three,
 School Readiness Initiative, and Systems Building. The increase is due to the previously mentioned timing of
 one-time systems building costs specifically for Children's Dental programs.
- Salaries and benefits increased by \$793,663 (74%) from the prior fiscal year due partly to the addition of staff and partly to the recognition of pension related expenses following GASB 68.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

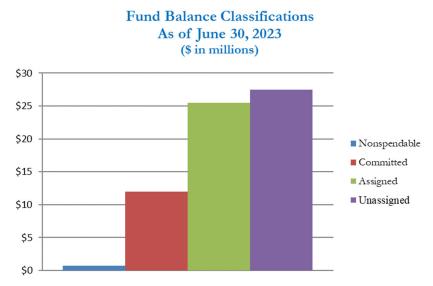
ANALYSIS OF THE COMMISSION'S GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS

As noted earlier, the Commission uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The activities are contained in the general fund of the Commission. The focus of the Commission's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Commission's financing requirements. In particular, fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources, both committed and available for future operational needs. Program revenues of approximately \$0.86 million were not received within the Commission's period of availability and, as such, are recorded as deferred inflows on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Commission's general fund reported total ending fund balance of \$65.6 million, an increase of \$2.3 million (3.6%) in comparison with the prior fiscal year. The increase is due to increased revenue from investments and planned reductions in ongoing programs costs to align with the long-term financial plan



Budget Amendments

The budget amendments are approved during each fiscal year for the General Fund in order to reflect the most current revenue trends and to account for shifts in funding objectives.

- Total budgeted revenues were decreased by \$3.9 million. The amendment was based on the passage of a ban on the sale of flavored tobacco products reducing the amount of tax collected and distributed to First 5 Commissions.
- Total budgeted appropriations were increased by \$3.6 million in the 0-5 child development program expenditures and for one-time system building programs. The increases are due mostly to the addition of expenses related to distributions for one-time system building programs for Early Childhood Health and Children's Dental Services.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Budget to Actual Comparisons

This section contains an explanation of the significant differences between the Commission's Final Budget amounts and actual amounts recorded for revenues and expenditures for Fiscal Year 2022-2023 as detailed on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual.

- Total actual revenues were above budgeted revenues in Fiscal Year 2022-2023 by \$2.3 million. Total revenues
 were over the amended budget amounts mostly due to larger than expected investment returns along with the
 reversal of the prior year negative fair value adjustment.
- Total budgeted appropriations exceeded actual expenditures in Fiscal Year 2022-2023 by \$3.1 million due to
 program funds spent under Zero to Five Programs for Home Visitation Services, the timing of distributions of
 one-time Catalytic funds, and vacant staff positions.
 - O-5 child development program expenditures were less than budgeted appropriations by \$2 million. This was due mostly to underspending for the Home Visitation Program and the IMPACT programs. The original appropriations for these programs represent total funds available through each program award, but each program has unique scheduling and timelines that guide when funds are expended.
 - O Salaries and benefits actual expenditures were less than budgeted appropriations by approximately \$399,000 due to staff positions that were vacant for portions of the year.
 - O Catalytic/Systems Building expenditures were less than budgeted appropriations by approximately \$698,000. Fiscal Year 2022-2023 was the tenth year of Round 1 and 2 catalytic funding. The total funding amount of approximately \$61.9 million was approved by the Commission as detailed below. Expenditures are recognized as services are provided and deliverables met for each separate Catalytic/Systems Building program. At budget adoption, the timing of Fiscal Year 2022-2023 distributions and expense recognition were not known. Each Catalytic/Systems Building program has a unique scope and budget. Final payment terms are included in the contracts approved by the Commission for each Catalytic/Systems Building program. Remaining funding will be included in future year budgets as defined in the related Catalytic/System Building contract payment and deliverable schedules.

Commission Catalytic/Systems Building funding Round 1:	
Children's Dental Programs	\$20,000,000
Early Developmental Services / Autism Program	7,000,000
Year-Round Emergency Shelter	7,000,000
Early Literacy and Math	5,000,000
Healthy Child Development	5,582,500
VISTA / AmeriCorps transition feasibility	25,000
	\$44,607,500
Round 2:	
Capacity Building	\$3,250,000
Partnership for Children's Health	6,023,474
Prevention Services	500,000
Nutrition and Fitness	365,000
Pediatric Vision Services	1,500,000
Healthy Steps	850,000
Catalytic Unallocated and Matching Funds	4,804,026
	\$17,292,500

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

CURRENTLY KNOWN FACTS, DECISIONS OR CONDITIONS

On November 8, 2022, Proposition 31 passed which upheld a statewide ban on the sale of flavored tobacco products. As a result, projections for future tobacco tax revenues will decline below previous estimates. The flavor began impacting revenue receipts and projections beginning in Fiscal Year 2022-2023.

The Commission's financial plan has historically been conservative when estimating future-year revenues and maintains a fund balance in anticipation of future-year declining revenues. The assumptions used to project annual expenses/program funding throughout the ten-year financial plan will be adjusted to align with updated revenue projections from the California Department of Finance.

REQUESTS FOR FINANCIAL INFORMATION

This annual comprehensive financial report is intended to provide the public with an overview of the Commission's financial operations and condition for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the President/CEO, Children & Families Commission of Orange County, 1505 East 17th Street, Suite 230, Santa Ana, California 92705

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	GOVERNMENTA ACTIVITIES	
ASSETS		
Cash and investments in County Treasury	\$	67,389,655
Imprest cash		10,000
Interest receivable		620,439
Due from County of Orange		309,971
Due from other governments		3,464,280
Prepaids		94,779
Advances to others		581,843
Net pension asset		21,849
Capital assets - right to use lease assets, net of amortization		521,429
Total Assets		73,014,244
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension related amounts		1,355,246
Other postemployment benefits related amounts		116,000
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		1,471,246
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable		2,090,514
Due to County of Orange		317,042
Due to other governments		2,392,306
Retentions payable		1,195,485
Accrued wages and benefits		94,980
Non-Current liabilities:		
Due Within One Year		
Compensated absences		91,669
Leases		57,873
Due in More than One Year		
Compensated absences		16,490
Leases		465,651
Net OPEB liability		269,000
Total Liabilities		6,991,010
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension related amounts		689,028
Other postemployment benefits related amounts		41,000
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		730,028
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		(2,095)
Unrestricted		66,766,547
Total Net Position	\$	66,764,452

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Program Revenues		`	xpense) Revenue ges in Net Position
	Expenses			Operating Grants And Contributions		nmental Activities
Governmental Activities: Child development	\$	23,788,975	\$	24,428,943	\$	639,968
	Inv	ral Revenues: estment income cellaneous				2,014,113 180,736
		Total General I	Revenue	S		2,194,849
		Change in Net	Position	1		2,834,817
	Net F	Position, July 1				63,929,635
	Net F	Position, June 30			\$	66,764,452

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund	
ASSETS		_
Cash and investments in County Treasury	\$	67,389,655
Imprest cash		10,000
Interest receivable		620,439
Due from County of Orange		309,971
Due from other governments		3,464,279
Prepaid items		194,580
Advances to others		581,843
Total Assets	\$	72,570,767
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$	2,090,514
Due to County of Orange		317,042
Due to other governments		2,392,306
Retentions payable		1,195,485
Accrued wages and benefits		94,980
Total Liabilities		6,090,327
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred inflows - unavailable revenue		855,015
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		855,015
FUND BALANCES		
Nonspendable fund balance		776,423
Committed fund balance		12,023,100
Assigned fund balance		25,454,748
Unassigned fund balance		27,371,154
Total Fund Balances		65,625,425
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources		
and Fund Balances	\$	72,570,767

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 65,625,425
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Prepaid items included as a deferred outfow on the accrual basis used in the government-wide statements	(99,801)
Right to use lease assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	
Right to use assets 597,387 Accumulated amortization (75,958)	521,429
Deferred outflows of resources:	
Pension related amounts	1,355,246
Other postemployment benefits related amounts	116,000
Long term assets/(liabilities) are not included in the governmental funds	
Net pension asset	21,849
Compensated employee absences	(108,159)
Lease liability	(523,524)
Net OPEB liability	(269,000)
Certain revenues in the governmental funds are deferred because they are not collected within the prescribed time period after year-	855,015
end. However, the revenues are included on the accrual basis used in the government-wide statements.	655,015
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Pension related amounts	(689,028)
Other postemployment benefits related amounts	 (41,000)
Net Position of governmental activities	\$ 66,764,452

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund	
Revenues		
Prop 10 Tobacco Tax	\$	20,975,393
Other State operating grants and contributions		1,366,384
CalWORKS Home Visiting Program		1,474,084
Medi-Cal Administrative Activities		350,126
Investment income		2,014,113
Other revenue		177,342
Total Revenues		26,357,442
Expenditures		
Current		
Salaries and benefits		2,173,148
Expenditures related to the "Zero to Five" Programs		18,359,405
Catalytic Round 1 and 2 Program Funding		3,482,136
Debt Service		
Principal retirement		75,972
Interest		3,625
Capital Outlay		496,181
Total Expenditures		24,590,467
Excess of revenues over expenditures		1,766,975
Other Financing Sources		
Leases		496,181
Net Change in Fund Balance		2,263,156
FUND BALANCE, July 1		63,362,269
FUND BALANCE, June 30	\$	65,625,425

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net changes in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 2,263,156
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance differs from the amounts reported in the statement of activities because:	
Principal retirement expenditures reported in Governmental Funds and not reported in the Statement of Activities	75,972
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as amortization expense.	
Capital outlay Amortization expense	496,181 (75,958)
Governmental funds report pension contributions and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statements of Activities, pension and OPEB expense is measured as the change in the net pension and net OPEB liability and the amortization of deferred outflows and inflows related to pensions and OPEB. This amount represents the change in pension and OPEB related amounts.	
Pension related amounts Other postemployment benefits related amounts	308,897 8,000
Compensated absences expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. This amount represents the net change in the compensated absences liability.	(11,599)
Certain revenues in the governmental funds are deferred because they are not collected within the prescribed time period after year-end. However, the revenues are included on the accrual basis used in the government-wide statements.	266,349
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but are not reported as revenues in the statement of activities.	(10.4.10.1)
Lease proceeds	 (496,181)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 2,834,817

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amouts		Actual	Va	riance with	
		Original	Final	Amounts	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES						
Prop 10 Tobacco Tax	\$	24,350,000	\$ 20,486,321	\$ 20,975,393	\$	489,072
Other State operating grants and contributions		1,000,000	1,000,000	1,366,384		366,384
CalWORKS Home Visiting Program		2,000,000	2,000,000	1,474,084		(525,916)
Medi-Cal Administrative Activities		250,000	250,000	350,126		100,126
Investment income		100,000	100,000	2,014,113		1,914,113
Other revenue		232,700	 232,700	 177,342		(55,358)
Total Revenues		27,932,700	 24,069,021	26,357,442		2,288,421
Expenditures						
Current						
Salaries and benefits		2,572,879	2,572,879	2,173,148		399,731
Expenditures related to the "Zero to Five" Program		20,383,153	20,383,153	18,359,405		2,023,747
Catalytic Round 1 and 2 Program Funding		600,000	4,180,000	3,482,136		697,864
Debt Service						
Principal retirement		59,192	59,192	75,972		(16,780)
Interest		1,345	1,345	3,625		(2,280)
Capital Outlay		-	 -	 496,181		(496,181)
Total Expenditures		23,616,569	27,196,569	24,590,467		2,606,101
Excess of revenues over expenditures		4,316,131	(3,127,548)	1,766,975		(317,680)
Other Financing Sources						
Leases		-	 -	 496,181		(496,181)
Net Change in Fund Balance		4,316,131	(3,127,548)	2,263,156		5,390,704
FUND BALANCE, July 1		63,362,269	63,362,269	63,362,269		
FUND BALANCE, June 30	\$	67,678,400	\$ 60,234,721	\$ 65,625,425	\$	5,390,704

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Children and Families Commission of Orange County (the Commission) was established by the Orange County Board of Supervisors in 1999 under the provisions of the California Children and Families Act of 1998 (Act). The Commission is a public entity legally separate and apart from the County. The purpose of the Commission is to develop, adopt, promote and implement early childhood development and school readiness programs in the County of Orange consistent with the goals and objectives of the Act. The Commission's programs are funded primarily by taxes levied by the State of California on tobacco products.

A governing board of nine members, which are appointed by the County Board of Supervisors, oversees the Commission. Three members are considered Mandatory Members, comprised of representatives of the County Health Care Agency, Social Services Agency and Board of Supervisors. Other members are considered At-Large Members. The Board of Supervisors Mandatory Member serves for a one-year term without limitation on the number of terms he/she may serve. Other Mandatory Members serve until removed by the Board of Supervisors. At-Large Members serve for terms ranging from two to four years, not to exceed eight consecutive years. The County Board of Supervisors may remove any Commission Member at any time. The Commission is considered a discretely presented component unit of the County of Orange.

Upon termination of the commission, all assets of the Commission shall be returned to the State of California. The liabilities of the Commission shall not become liabilities of the County upon either termination of the Commission or the liquidation or disposition of the Commission's remaining assets.

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The basic financial statements of the Commission are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the basic financial statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements consist of the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements are presented on an economic resources measurement focus. All economic resources and obligations of the reporting government are reported in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting all assets, liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources of the Commission are included on the statement of net position. The difference between the Commission's assets, liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources is its net position. Net position represents the resources the Commission has available for use in providing services. The Commission's net position is classified as:

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements, (Continued)

<u>Unrestricted</u> – This category represents neither restrictions nor right to use assets and may be used by the Commission for any purpose though they may not be necessarily liquid.

<u>Net Invested in Capital Assets</u> – This category includes the Commission's office lease that is amortized over the life of the lease period.

The statement of activities presents a comparison of the direct expenses and program revenues for the Commission's governmental activities. Program revenues include grants and contributions restricted for the operational requirements of a particular program. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met. Program revenues include tobacco taxes, First 5 California programs and federal revenues. General revenues are all revenues that do not qualify as program revenues and include investment income and miscellaneous income. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements consist of the balance sheet, the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance, and the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual of the Commission's general fund. These statements are presented on a current financial resources measurement focus. Generally, only current assets, deferred inflows of resources, and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the governmental fund generally presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenditures) in net current resources. All operations of the Commission are accounted for in the general fund.

The fund financial statements have been prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. Revenues are considered available if they are received within 60 days after year-end. Revenues susceptible to accrual include tax revenues, grant revenues and investment income. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred except for compensated absences, which are recognized when due and payable at year-end.

Fair Value Measurement

The Commission categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The Commission does not have any investments that are measured using Level 3 inputs.

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods. The Commission has a deferred inflow, unavailable revenue, which occurs only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the items are reported only in the governmental fund balance sheet. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The Commission also recognizes deferred outflows and inflows related to pensions and other post-employment benefits under the accrual basis of accounting. These items are reported only in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization

Capital assets, including right to use lease assets, are not considered to be a financial resource and therefore, is not reported as an asset in the fund financial statements. Capital assets are capitalized and reported at cost, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization in the government-wide financial statements. The one addition to capital assets for the year was a seven-year office lease extension reported in the right-to-use lease assets.

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. The Commission capitalizes assets with cost in excess of \$5,000 for equipment and \$150,000 for other assets, following the County of Orange schedule of asset definitions, and a useful life greater than one year. The Commission depreciates/amortizes capital assets using a straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each asset. The estimated useful life of equipment, ranges from 5 to 10 years.

Adjustments Between Fund Financial Statements and Government-Wide Financial Statements

Prepaid Items

Prepaid pension contributions are reported as a prepaid item in the fund financial statements and in the Statement of Net Position. The prepaid pension contributions, at the fund level, pertain to the contributions required for the related payroll periods of July 1, 2023 to June 30, 2024. A balance of \$194,580 is reported as of June 30, 2023 after any remaining contributions for the fiscal year were deducted from the prepaid account. Because the next actuarial valuation to determine the Commission's net pension liability will occur on December 31, 2023, the prepaid contributions are recognized as a deferred outflow of resources on the government wide statements to account for the portion that will be applied to the calculation of net pension liability.

Compensated absences

Compensated absence obligations are considered long-term in nature and are reported in the fund financial statements as expenditures in the period paid or when due and payable at year-end under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Compensated absences have been accrued in the government-wide financial statements and are included in long-term liabilities. Compensated absences are liquidated by the general fund.

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Differences Between Fund Financial Statements and Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

Leases

The Commission is a lessee for noncancelable lease of office space and equipment. The Commission recognizes a lease liability and a right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the Commission initially measured the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the Commission determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The Commission uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the Commission generally uses the County of Orange incremental borrowing rate as the discount for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments.

The Commission monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term liabilities on the statement of net position.

Pensions

In government-wide financial statements, retirement plans (pensions) are required to be recognized and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting regardless of the amount recognized as pension expenditures on the governmental fund statements, which use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

In general, the Commission recognizes a net pension liability/asset, which represents the Commission's proportionate share of the excess of the total pension liability/asset over the fiduciary net position reflected in the actuarial report provided by the Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS). The net pension liability/asset is measured as of OCERS' prior fiscal year end December 31, 2022 and is reported on the same basis as they are reported by OCERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Changes in the net pension are recorded, in the period incurred, as pension expense or as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources depending on the nature of the change. The changes in net pension that are recorded as deferred inflows of resources or deferred outflows of resources (that arise from changes in actuarial assumptions or other inputs and differences between expected or actual experience) are amortized in the respective pension plan and are recorded as a component of pension expense beginning with the period in which they are incurred.

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Other Postemployment Benefits ("OPEB")

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about fiduciary net position of the County of Orange Retiree Benefit Plan ("OPEB Plan") and additions to/deductions from OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments, which are reported at amortized cost.

The following timeframes are used for OPEB reporting:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021 Measurement Date December 31, 2022

Measurement Period January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

Due to other governments

Due to other governments represents amounts owed to grantees and governmental agencies for services provided to the Commission in accordance with the Commission's strategic plan.

Retentions payable

The Commission retains a percentage of amounts billed by grantees and vendors in accordance with executed contracts. Upon fulfilling the requirements of the grantee agreement or contract, the amounts are released.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Also, the preparation of the financial statements inherently requires the rounding of amounts and estimates.

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Budget and Budget Reporting

The Commission is required by Orange County ordinance to prepare a budget each year based on estimates of revenues and expected expenditures. The Commission's Board of Commissioners adopted an annual budget of expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2023, which is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The accompanying statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual includes the budgeted expenditures for the year, along with management's estimate of revenues for the year. The legal level of budgetary control is at the total fund level.

Fund Balance

Fund balance classifications comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The Commission established the following classifications and definitions of fund balance for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Nonspendable – Resources that cannot be spent because they are not in an expendable form (e.g. prepaid asset, advances to others) or must be maintained intact (e.g. endowment principal).

Restricted - Resources that are constrained to specific purposes by an external provider (e.g. grantors, contributors, governmental laws and regulations) or by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - Resources with self-imposed limitations and require both the approval of the highest level of decision-making authority (Board of Commissioners) and the same formal action to remove or modify the limitations. The formal action required by the Board of Commissioners for funds to be committed is action by the way of resolution allocating funding for a specific purpose, program or initiative.

Assigned - Resources with self-imposed limitations but do not require approval by the highest level of decision-making authority (may be a body, committee or individual designated by Board of Commissioners) or the same level of formal action to remove or modify limitations. Includes appropriation of a portion of existing fund balance sufficient to eliminate subsequent year's budget deficit, resources assigned to specific program for which there is an approved budget, and resources approved by the Commission for a long-range financial plan.

Unassigned - Resources that cannot be reported in any other classification.

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of the limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The Commission itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purpose determined by a formal action of the Commission. The Commission is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Commission for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Commission adopts an annual budget and gives authority to the Executive Director and staff to assign fund balance for approved contracts in force. Unlike commitments, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment.

The Commission's spending priority is to spend restricted fund balance first, followed by committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance.

Refer to Note 6 for additional details regarding the GASB 54 classification of fund balance.

Encumbrances

The Commission utilizes an encumbrance system as a management control technique to assist in controlling expenditures. Encumbrances of \$23.8 million represent Board-approved future year contracts for Catalytic Programs (\$6.1 million) and annual programs and operations (\$17.7 million). The two most significant Catalytic Program encumbrance are for Children's Dental (\$.8 million) and Developmental Screenings (\$4.5 million). The two largest program encumbrance balances are for the Bridges: Maternal Child Health Network (\$6.5 million) and School District Partnerships (\$6.6 million). Encumbrances for Catalytic Programs are reported in Committed fund balance and encumbrances for other programs are reported in Assigned fund balance.

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATIONS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Effect of New Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Pronouncements

Effective This Fiscal Year

Statement No. 94, "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements." The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2023. The Commission has determined that there was no material impact on the Commission's financial statements.

Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements." The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2023. The Commission implemented this statement effective July 1, 2022 and determined that there was no material impact on the Commission's financial statements.

Statement No. 99, "Omnibus 2022." The requirements related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2023. The requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2024.

GASB has issued the following pronouncements prior to June 30, 2023, that have effective dates which may impact future financial statement presentation. The effect of these statements is currently under review by the Commission:

Statement No. 100, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62." The requirements of this Statement will take effect for Commission financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2024.

Statement No. 101, "Compensated Absences." The requirements of this Statement will take effect for Commission financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2025.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments are classified in the financial statements as follows:

Cash and investments in County Treasury	\$ 67,389,655
Imprest Cash	 10,000
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 67,399,655

Cash and investments consisted of the following at June 30, 2023:

Orange County Investment Pool:

<u>Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the Commission Investment Policy</u> Statement

Authorized investment instruments include:

- Certificates of Deposit (insured or collateralized)
- Orange County Investment Pool
- "AAAm" rated Money Market Mutual Funds
- U.S. Treasury securities
- U.S. Government Agency securities: Debt securities issued by U.S. Government sponsored enterprises and federally related institutions. These government agencies include: Federal Home Loan Banks (FHLB), Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC or Freddie Mac), Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA or Fannie Mae), Federal Farm Credit Banks (FFCB)

All Money Market Mutual Funds must be AAAm rated by two NRSROs, invest only in direct obligations in US Treasury bills, notes, bonds, U.S. Government Agencies, Municipal debt and repurchase agreements with a weighted average maturity of 60 days or less, and have a minimum of \$500 million in assets under management. Money Market Mutual Funds that do not maintain a constant NAV (Net Asset Value) will be prohibited.

The Commission is a participant in the County Treasurer's Orange County Investment Pool (OCIP). The OCIP is an external investment pool, is not rated and is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC). The County Treasury Oversight Committee conducts OCIP oversight. Cash on deposit in the OCIP at June 30, 2023, is stated at fair value. The OCIP values participant shares on an amortized cost basis during the year and adjusts to fair value at year-end. For further information regarding the OCIP, refer to the County of Orange Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Fair Value Measurements

The Commission categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. As of June 30, 2023, the Commission held no individual investments. All funds are invested in OCIP.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The Commission's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

Deposits and withdrawals in the OCIP are made based on \$1 and not fair value. Accordingly, the Commission's proportionate share of investments in the OCIP at June 30, 2023 of \$67,389,655 is measured based on an uncategorized input not defined as a Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 input.

NOTE 3 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The due from other governments account represents amounts due to the Commission from the California Children and Families Commission ("State Commission") for Prop 10 and California Electronic Cigarette Excise Tax (CECET) related revenues and other governmental agencies. The amounts due to the Commission at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

Due from State Commission:

Prop 10 / CECET revenue for:	
May 2023	\$1,004,107
June 2023 (includes CECET Q1 -Q3)	1,647,185
CECET Q4	94,000
Surplus Money Investment Fund Allocations	77,856
First 5 IMPACT Program	633,322
First 5 Home Visiting Coordination	7,809
Total Due from Other Governments	\$3,464,279

NOTE 4 - DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The due to other governments account represents amounts due to the Regents of the University of California, Orange County school districts, and other local governmental agencies. The amounts due to the other governments at June 30, 2023, were as follows:

FY 2022-2023 Contract Payment Accruals \$ 2,392,306

NOTE 5 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in long-term liabilities during the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

]	Balance]	Balance	Dι	ae Within
	Jul	ly 1, 2022]	Increases	Γ	Decreases	Jun	e 30, 2023	C	ne Year
Leases	\$	103,314	\$	496,181	\$	75,971	\$	523,524	\$	57,873
Compensated absences		96,562		159,263		147,666		108,159		91,669
Total	\$	199,876	\$	655,444	\$	223,637	\$	631,683	\$	149,542

NOTE 6 - FUND BALANCE

Fund balance is classified using a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Fund balance as of June 30, 2023 consists of the following:

Nonspendable: Prepaids and Advances	\$776,423
Committed for: Catalytic Round 1 and 2 programs	12,023,100
Assigned for: Approved contracts	25,454,748
Unassigned	27,371,154
Total fund balance	\$65,625,425

Fund Balance Category Descriptions

Nonspendable – consists of prepaid retirement contributions for Fiscal Year 2023-2024 that were paid during the fiscal year. Refer to Note 8 for further details. Included in Nonspendable are Catalytic funding amounts advanced to grantees for project scopes not completed by June 30, 2023.

Committed for contractual obligations – consists of contract amounts approved by Commission action as of June 30, 2023 for Fiscal Years 2023-2024 and future years of one-time Catalytic/Systems Building funding.

Assigned for approved contracts – consists of Fiscal Year 2023-2024 programs that were approved by Commission action and included in the Fiscal Year 2023-2024 Operating Budget.

NOTE 7 – CONTINGENCIES

The Commission is involved in various legal proceedings from time to time in the normal course of business. In management's opinion, the Commission is not involved in any legal proceeding that will have a material adverse effect on financial position or changes in financial position of the Commission.

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan Description. All full-time employees of the Commission participate in the Orange County Employees Retirement System (OCERS). OCERS was established by the County of Orange in 1945. OCERS is administered by the Board of Retirement and governed by the County Employee's Retirement Law of 1937 California Government Code Section 31450 et. seq.). OCERS is a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system whose main function is to provide service retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits to the Safety and General members employed by the County of Orange. OCERS also provides retirement benefits to the employee members of the Orange County Courts, the Orange County Retirement System, two cities and thirteen special districts.

The management of OCERS is vested with the Orange County Board of Retirement. The Board consists of nine members and one alternate. The County Treasurer is a member of the Board of Retirement by law. Four members are appointed by the Board of Supervisors, one of whom may be a County Supervisor. Two members are elected by the General membership; one member and one alternate are elected by the Safety membership, and one member is elected by the retired members of the System. All members of the Board of Retirement serve terms of three years except for the County Treasurer whose term runs concurrent with her term as County Treasurer. OCERS issues a stand-alone annual financial report, which can be obtained at www.ocers.org.

Benefits Provided. OCERS provides service retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits to eligible employees. All regular full-time employees of the County of Orange or contracting agencies who work a minimum of 20 hours per week become members of OCERS effective on the first day of employment in an eligible position. There are separate retirement plans for General and Safety member employees. Safety membership is extended to those involved in active law enforcement, fire suppression, and certain probation officers. Any new Safety Member who becomes a member on or after January 1, 2013 is designated PEPRA Safety and is subject to the provisions of California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), California Government Code 7522 et seq. All other employees are classified as General members. New General Members employed after January 1, 2013 are designated as PEPRA General subject to the provisions of California Government Code 7522 et seq.

General members prior to January 1, 2013, including all members of Plan T and Plan W hired on or after January 1, 2013, are eligible to retire once they attain the age of 50 and have acquired ten or more years of retirement service credit. A member with 30 years of service is eligible to retire regardless of age. General members who are first hired on or after January 1, 2013, excluding member of Plan T and Plan W, are eligible to retire once they have attained the age of 52, and have acquired five years of retirement service credit.

All General members can also retire at the age of 70 regardless of service.

The retirement benefit the member will receive is based upon age at retirement, final average compensation, years of retirement service credit and retirement plan and tier.

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

General member benefits are calculated pursuant to the provisions of Sections 31676.01, 31676.1, 31676.12, 31676.16, 31676.18 or 31676.19. For section 31676.01, the monthly allowance is equal to 1/90th of final compensation times years of accrued retirement service credit times age factor from that Section. For Section 31676.1, the monthly allowance is equal to 1/60th of final compensation times years of accrued retirement service credit times age factor from the Section. For Sections 31676.12, 31676.16, 31676.18 or 31676.19, the monthly allowance is equal to 1/50th of final compensation times years of accrued retirement service credit times age factor from the corresponding Section. General member benefits for those who are first hired on or after January 1, 2013, excluding members of Plan T, are calculated pursuant to the provision California Government Code Section 7522.20(a). The monthly allowance is equal to the final compensation multiplied by years of accrued retirement credit multiplied by the age factor from Section 7522.20(a).

For members with membership dates before January 1, 2013, including all members of Plan T and Plan W hired on or after January 1, 2013, the maximum monthly retirement allowance is 100% of final compensation. There is no maximum with membership dates on or after January 1, 2013, excluding members of Plan T and Plan W.

Final average compensation consists of the highest 12 consecutive months for a General Tier 1 or Safety Tier 1 member and the highest 36 consecutive months for a General Tier 2, General PEPRA, Safety Tier 2 or Safety PEPRA member.

The member may elect an unmodified retirement allowance or choose an optional retirement allowance. The unmodified retirement allowance provides the highest monthly benefit and a 60% continuance to an eligible surviving spouse or domestic partner is one married to or registered with the member one year prior to the effective retirement date. Certain surviving spouses or domestic partners may also be eligible if marriage or domestic partnership was at least two years prior to the date of death and the surviving spouse or domestic partner has attained age 55. There are four optional retirement allowances the member may choose. Each of the optional retirement allowances requires a reduction in the unmodified retirement allowance in order to allow the member the ability to provide certain benefits to a surviving spouse, domestic partner, or named beneficiary having an insurable interest in the life of the member.

OCERS provides an annual cost-of-living benefit to all retirees. The cost-of-living adjustments, based upon the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers for the Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County Area, is capped at 3.0%.

Contributions. The Commission contributes to the retirement plan based upon actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the Board of Retirement. Employer contribution rates are adopted annually based upon recommendations received from OCERS' actuary after the completion of the annual actuarial valuation. The average employer contribution rate for the first six months of calendar year 2022 or the second half of fiscal year 2021-2022 (based on the December 31, 2019 valuation) was 41.49% of compensation. The average employer contribution rate for the last six months of calendar year 2022 or the first half of fiscal year 2022-2023 (based on the December 31, 2020 valuation) was 41.16% of compensation. Contributions recognized by the plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 3023, were \$200,172.

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

General Information about the Pension Plan (Continued)

All members are required to make contributions to OCERS regardless of the retirement plan or tier in which they are included. The average member contribution rate for the first six months of calendar year 2022 or the second half of fiscal year 2021-2022 (based on the December 31, 2019 valuation) was 12.31% of compensation. The average member contribution rate for the last six months of calendar year 2022 or the first half of fiscal year 2022-2023 (based on the December 31, 2020 valuation) was 12.16% of compensation.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the Commission reported a net pension asset of (\$21,846) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL)/(asset). The NPL/(asset) was measured as of December 31, 2022. Plan Fiduciary Net Position (plan assets) was valued as of the measurement date while the Total Pension Liability (TPL) was determined based upon rolling forward the TPL from actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. At December 31, 2022, the Commission's proportion was -0.0% percent allocated based on the actual employer contributions within the Commission's rate group. This represents a decrease from 0.040%, from the proportionate share measured as of December 31, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Commission recognized pension expense of (\$111,896). As of June 30, 2023, the Commission reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		\$3,498
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$1,255,317	684,632
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		565
Difference between expected and actual experience	128	333
Commission contributions subsequent to the measurement date	99,801	
Total	\$1,355,246	\$689,028

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Amounts reported as contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of \$99,801 will be recorded as an addition to net pension asset in the next fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2024	\$ (30,153)
2025	51,885
2026	208,523
2027	227,274
2028	108,888
	\$ 566,417

Actuarial assumptions. For the measurement period ended December 31, 2022 (the measurement date), total pension liability (TPL) was determined by rolling forward the December 31, 2021 (the valuation date) total pension liability. The actuarial assumptions used were based on the results of an experience study for the period from January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2019.

Net investment return: 7.00%

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases General: 4.00% to 11.00%, varying by service, including inflation

Cost of Living Adjustments 2.75% of retirement income

Post – Retirement Mortality Rates:

Healthy: For General Members: Pub-2010 General Healthy Retiree Amount-Weighted Above-

Median Mortality Table (separate tables for males and females) with rates increased by 5%, projected generationally with the two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-

2019

Disabled: For General Members: Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree Amount-Weighted

Mortality Table (separate tables for males and females) with rates decreased by 5%, projected generationally with the two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-

2019

Beneficiaries: Pub-2010 Generational Contingent Survivor Amount-Weighted Mortality Table

(separate tables for males and females) with rates increased by 5%, projected

generationally with the two-dimensional mortality improvement scale MP-2019

NOTE 8 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in 2020 using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These returns are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adding expected inflation and subtracting expected investment expenses and a risk margin. The target allocation and projected arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class, after deducting inflation, but before investment expenses are shown in the following table. This information was used in the derivation of the long-term expected investment rate of return assumption for the December 31, 2022 and 2021 actuarial valuation. This information will change every three years based on the actual experience study.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return
Large Cap Equity	23.10%	5.43%
Small Cap Equity	1.90%	6.21%
International Developed Equity	13.00%	6.67%
Emerging Markets Equity	9.00%	8.58%
Core Bonds	9.00%	1.10%
High Yield Bonds	1.50%	2.91%
TIPS	2.00%	0.65%
Emerging Market Debt	2.00%	3.25%
Corporate Credit	1.00%	0.53%
Long Duration Fixed Income	2.50%	1.44%
Real Estate	3.01%	4.42%
Private Equity	13.00%	9.41%
Value Added Real Estate	3.01%	7.42%
Opportunistic Real Estate	0.98%	10.18%
Energy	2.00%	9.68%
Infrastructure (Core Private)	1.50%	5.08%
Infrastructure (Non-Core Private)	1.50%	8.92%
CTA – Trend Following	2.50%	2.38%
Global Macro	2.50%	2.13%
Private Credit	2.50%	5.47%
Alternative Risk Premia	<u>2.50%</u>	<u>2.50%</u>
Total	100.00%	5.67%

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.00% as of December 31, 2022 and 2021. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits for current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs for future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments for current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL as of both December 31, 2022 and 2021.

NOTE 8 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Commission's proportionate share of the NPL/(asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the Commission's NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or one-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)	
Net pension liability (asset)	845,275	(\$21,849)	(\$729,130)	

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OCERS financial report.

NOTE 9 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Increases and decreases in the Commission's capital assets for governmental activities during the fiscal year were as follows:

	July 1, 2022	Increases	Decreases	Adjustments	June 30, 2023
Governmental Activities:					
Right-to-Use Assets					
Leased Office Space	\$ 173,129	\$496,181	\$	\$	\$ 669,310
Leased Equipment	4,758				4,758
Total Right-to-Use Assets	177,887	496,181			674,068
Less Accumulated Amortization For:					
Leased Office Space	(74,198)	(73,683)			(147,881)
Leased Equipment	(2,483)	(2,275)			(4,758)
Total Accumulated Amortization	(76,681)	(75,958)			(152,639)
Total Capital Assets,					
Amortizable (Net)	\$ 101,206	\$420,223			\$ 521,429

NOTE 10 - LEASES

Office Lease

The Commission approved an amendment to the agreement to lease office space adding seven years to the lease term. The amended lease terminates October 2030. Under the terms of the lease, the Commission pays a monthly base fee based on a pre-determined schedule. A security deposit of \$7,400 is currently held by the lessor. The lease was valued using a discount rate of 4% (County incremental borrowing rate).

<u>Lease Year</u>	Monthly Base Rate	<u>Lease Year</u>	Monthly Base Rate
11/1/22 - 10/31/23	\$6,480.00	11/01/26 - 10/31/27	\$6,860.70
11/1/23 - 10/31/24	\$6,480.00	11/01/27 - 10/31/28	\$7,072.45
11/1/24 - 10/31/25	\$6,606.60	10/01/28 - 10/31/29	\$7,284.20
11/1/25 - 10/31/26	\$6,733.65	10/01/29 - 10/31/30	\$7,411.25

At June 30, 2023, the Commission has recognized a right-to-use asset of \$521,429 and a lease liability of \$523,524 related to this agreement. During the fiscal year, the Commission recorded \$73,683 in amortization expense. The payments for the lease included \$73,662 in principal payments and \$3,590 in interest for the right to use the office space.

NOTE 10 – LEASES (Continued)

Remaining obligations associated with this lease are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30		<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
	2024	\$57,872	\$19,888
	2025	61,255	17,518
	2026	65,302	14,994
	2027	69,515	12,305
	2028	74,585	9,437
	2029 - 2031	194,995	9,640
	Total	\$523,524	\$83,782

Equipment Lease

The Commission entered into an agreement to lease a copier beginning June 2017. The current amended lease Terminated on May 31, 2023. Under the terms of the lease, the Commission paid a pre-determined monthly base fee of \$213 for the copier unit.

At June 30, 2023, the Commission had no remaining right-to-use asset for the leased equipment and no related lease liability. During the fiscal year, the Commission recorded \$2,275 in amortization expense. The payments for the lease included \$2,310 in principal payments and \$35 in interest for the right to use the copier. The Commission used a discount rate of 3% representing the Commission's incremental borrowing rate.

NOTE 11 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Commission contracts with the County to provide accounting, banking and investment, purchasing, human resources, risk management and other administrative services. The Commission participates in the County's risk management programs (commercial and self-insurance programs) for general and automobile liability insurance, public official liability, rental interruption, personal property, worker's compensation, group health indemnified plans, group salary continuance plan, group dental plan and unemployment benefit plan. The Commission records its portion of related insurance premiums charged by the County as an expense. Insurance expense for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$40,180. The Commission incurred expenses totaling \$274,821 for all other County services provided during the year ended June 30, 2023. The amount owed to the County for program services funded through the Health Care Agency at June 30, 2023 was \$317,042. Amounts owed to the Commission from the County of Orange are \$309,971.

The Commission paid \$1,103,458 of service provider grants to organizations represented by a member of the Board of Commissioners, although all members abstain from all votes regarding funding to the organization represented. The Commission incurred a total of \$1,634,186 in expenses paid to the County for program services delivered by the Health Care Agency and Social Services Agency.

NOTE 12 – PROGRAM EVALUATION

In accordance with the Standards and Procedures for Audits of California Counties Participating in the California Children and Families Program, issued by the California State Controller, the Commission is required to disclose the amounts expended during the fiscal year on program evaluation. Program evaluation costs pertain to those activities undertaken to support the collection, production, analysis and presentation of evaluation information for Commission management, Commissioners and other interested parties. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Commission expended \$723,177 for program evaluation.

NOTE 13 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - RETIREE MEDICAL PLAN

Plan Description. In accordance with the Commission's participation agreement entered into in July 2007, the Commission is a participant in the County of Orange Retiree Medical Plan (the Plan). The Plan is a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit retiree medical plan. The Plan provides a grant for medical benefits to eligible retirees and their dependents and lump-sum payments for employees separating from employment prior to being eligible for the grant. The County Board of Supervisors maintains the authority to establish and amend the Plan's benefit provisions. The financial statements and required supplementary information of the Plan are included in the County of Orange's fiscal year 2022-2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The Commission is reported in the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report as a discretely presented component unit. That report may be obtained by contacting the County of Orange, Auditor Controller, 12 Civic Center Plaza, Room 200, Santa Ana, California 92702.

Eligibility. An employee who is credited with at least ten years of service at the time the employee becomes a retiree and elected to remain in the grant program shall be eligible to receive a grant in accordance with the County of Orange Retiree Medical Plan. This election is a change to the plan approved by the County Board of Supervisor's on December 20, 2022 and is explained further in the actuarial assumptions. An employee who becomes a retiree eligible for the grant and does not immediately begin to receive a retirement allowance from OCERS is not eligible to participate in the plan until the employee's retirement allowance commences. In order to be eligible to receive the grant, a participant must be covered under a Qualified Health Plan and/or Medicare. Coverage in a Qualified Health Plan must be elected within 30 days of the commencement of retirement allowance from OCERS. A covered retiree or surviving dependent who is age 65 or older must be enrolled in Medicare Part A (if eligible for coverage without a premium) and Part B in order to be eligible for the grant. A Qualified Health Plan is defined as a health insurance plan made available to employees and/or retirees, including a County Health Plan or a plan administered by an Employee Organization that the County of Orange has agreed shall be a Qualified Health Plan. A lump sum payment is available under limited circumstances as defined in the plan for an employee whose employment terminates prior to becoming eligible for a grant.

Benefits Provided. The monthly benefit paid to an eligible retiree is equal to \$10 multiplied by the number of full years of credited service (with a maximum of 25 years). The monthly benefit shall not exceed the actual cost to the retiree for coverage under a qualified health plan and Medicare premiums. The benefit is reduced by 7.5% per year for each year the retiree is less than 60, based on the date the employee takes active retirement from OCERS. Conversely, the benefit is increased by 7.5% per year for each year the retiree is in excess of 60, and no adjustment is made for years of age after age 70. A 50% reduction adjustment applies to retirees and surviving dependents eligible for both Medicare Part A (without premium) and Part B. A surviving dependent of a retiree previously receiving a benefit is eligible to receive a monthly survivor benefit equal to 50% of the amount the retiree was eligible to receive. The monthly benefit is adjusted annually (not to exceed 3% per year) based on the average increase or decrease across all County retiree health plans.

Contribution. The Commission makes contributions to the plan equal to the actuarially determined contribution. The percentage contributions are established by a Participation Agreement with the County of Orange. All contributions are employer contributions and are made through the County of Orange payroll system. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Commission's contributions were \$49,000.

NOTE 13 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - RETIREE MEDICAL PLAN (continued)

At June 30, 2023, the Commission reported a liability of \$269,000 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The Commission's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the Commission's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating member agencies, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2022, the Commission's proportion was 0.090 percent, no change from the prior measurement date.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Commission recognized OPEB expense of \$21,000. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Commission reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
OPEB contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$29,000	
Differences between expected and actual experience		\$32,000
Changes of assumptions	6,000	8,000
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	22,000	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	59,000	1,000
Total	\$116,000	\$41,000

The \$29,000 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the December 31, 2022 measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2024	\$ 1,000
2025	6,000
2026	9,000
2027	19,000
2028	5,000
2029+	6,000
	\$ 46,000

NOTE 13 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - RETIREE MEDICAL PLAN (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 valuation date was determined using the following significant actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Funding Policy	Employer contributes the ADC for the Grant and lump sum benefits and pays the blended rates benefit on a pay-as-you-go basis			
Discount rate	7.00%			
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return on Investments	7.00%, net of investment expenses			
General Inflation	2.50% annually			
Salary Increases Aggregate – 3.00% annually Merit – OCERS 2017-2019 Experience Study				
Grant Increase Rate	AFSCME – lesser of 5% and Medical Trend			
	Non-AFSCME – lesser of 3% and Medical Trend			
Mortality, Disability, Termination, Retirement	OCERS 2017-2019 Experience Study			
Mortality Improvement	Mortality projected fully generational with Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2019			
Medical Trend	- Non-Medicare – 6.50% for 2023, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076 Medicare (Non-Kaiser) – 5.65% for 2023, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076 - Medicare (Kaiser) – 4.60% for 2023, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.75% in 2076			
Spouse Participation at Retirement	- New retirees in County medical plans – 35% -New retirees in AOCDS medical plans – 65%			
Changes of assumptions	None, other than participation assumptions used for valuing the change in benefit terms for applicable General employee groups.			
Changes of benefit terms and method and assumptions for applicable General employee groups	 OPEB changes approved by Board on 12/20/22. Grant frozen as of June 16, 2023, no COLA, no Grant age adjustment One time election to opt out of Grant program and receive cash value transfer to a HRA County provided actual opt out elections for rounds 1 and 2 of plan change roll-out Active and pre-65 retiree premiums will be pooled as of January 1, 2024 with pre-65 retiree rates set 20% higher than active rates Those staying in the Grant program were assumed to take Grant at retirement. 50% of those opting out were assumed to participate in County medical plans at retirement even though not receiving a Grant. One time total HRA transfer for opt-outs was subtracted from the 12/31/22 FNP as an accrued payable amount (after adjusting for timing difference between measurement date and actual HRA contributions) 			

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

NOTE 13 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - RETIREE MEDICAL PLAN (continued)

The target asset allocation and long-term rates of return for each asset class are summarized in the following

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large Cap Equity	23.10%	5.43%
Small Cap Equity	1.90%	6.21%
International Developed Equity	13.00%	6.67%
Emerging Markets Equity	9.00%	8.58%
Core Bonds	9.00%	1.10%
High Yield Bonds	1.50%	2.91%
TIPS	2.00%	0.65%
Emerging Market Debt	2.00%	3.25%
Corporate Equity	1.00%	0.53%
Long Duration Fixed Income	2.50%	1.44%
Real Estate	3.01%	4.42%
Private Equity	13.00%	9.41%
Value Added Real Estate	3.01%	7.42%
Opportunistic Real Estate	0.98%	10.18%
Energy	2.00%	9.68%
Infrastructure (Core Private)	1.50%	5.08%
Infrastructure (Non-Core Private)	1.50%	8.92%
CTA – Trend Following	2.50%	2.38%
Global Macro	2.50%	2.13%
Private Credit	2.50%	5.47%
Alternative Risk Premia	<u>2.50%</u>	2.50%
Total Portfolio	100.00%	

⁻Assumed Long-Term Rate of Inflation – 2.50%

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate.

The following presents the Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the Commission's proportionate share of net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$325,000	\$269,000	\$220,000

⁻Expected Long-Term Net Rate of Return – 7.00%

NOTE 13 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) - RETIREE MEDICAL PLAN (continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates.

The following presents the Commission's net OPEB liability, as well as what the Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rate that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

		Current		
		Healthcare Cost		
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase	
Net OPEB Liability	\$253,000	\$269,000	\$287,000	

NOTE 14 – FIRST 5 CALIFORNIA IMPACT PROGRAM AND REGIONAL HUB

First 5 California funded a statewide program to implement the California Quality Rating and Improvement System (QRIS). The QRIS is a systemic approach to asses, improve, and communicate the level of quality in early education programs. The Commission received First 5 IMPACT funds that were contracted to the Orange County Department of Education (OCDE) as the local organization with expertise for implementing early education quality programs. First 5 California funding for IMPACT is \$3,263,424 for a three-year period that began July 1, 2020. Funds claimed for the period ending June 30, 2023 totaled \$1,441,584, and all IMPACT funds require a two to one program partner match of two dollars of First 5 CA funding to every dollar of local funding.

First 5 California also provided funding for two other programs. The Home Visiting Coordination program coordinates efforts among the various organizations providing home visiting services. While First 5 Orange County has been the primary funder of home visiting in the county, there is not a comprehensive countywide plan for sustained home visiting services. The funding helps to build understanding about what home visiting services are available and who receives them, cultivate leadership around the importance of home visiting in the Prenatal-to-Three system, and develop a shared vision among key stakeholders in Orange County.

NOTE 15 – ADVANCES TO OTHERS

Advances to others as of June 30, 2023 were \$581,843. Advances to others include Catalytic Round 1 and 2 funds advanced to service providers. The Commission invested in Catalytic programs expanding the service capacity of service providers in Child Development, Early Learning, and Homeless Prevention. In February 2012, the Commission approved funding of \$5,500,000 to Pretend City Children's Museum for a permanent and expanded Healthy Child Development platform. Of the total \$5,500,000 approved, \$500,000 has been advanced to Pretend City, and \$81,843 for miscellaneous deposits with funded partners. The advanced funds are expensed as services are provided.



CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY/(ASSET) LAST 10 YEARS*

	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022	6/30/2023
Proportion of the net pension liability/(asset)	0.078%	0.071%	0.061%	0.019%	0.010%	(0.013%)	(0.015%)	(0.040%)	(0.000%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	\$3,957,426	\$4,066,522	\$3,158,290	\$962,203	\$630,611	(\$646,472)	(\$612,417)	(\$811,951)	(\$21,846)
Covered payroll	\$1,043,030	\$1,042,786	\$925,031	\$849,266	\$966,061	\$1,061,044	\$1,167,468	\$1,304,766	\$1,209,958
Proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	379.42%	389.97%	341.43%	113.30%	65.28%	(60.93%)	(52.46%)	(62.23%)	(1.18%)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total plan pension liability	67.15%	64.73%	71.16%	74.93%	70.03%	76.67%	81.69%	91.45%	78.51%
Measurement date	12/31/2014	12/31/2015	12/31/2016	12/31/2017	12/31/2018	12/31/2019	12/31/2020	12/31/2021	12/31/2022

^{*} Fiscal Year 2014-2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, less than ten years are shown from the information available.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF COMMISSION CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION LAST 10 YEARS*

	6/30/2015	6/30/2016	6/30/2017	6/30/2018	6/30/2019	6/30/2020	6/30/2021	6/30/2022	6/30/2023
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$319,651	\$333,800	\$245,077	\$266,614	\$90,445	\$117,300	\$152,265	\$167,768	\$200,172
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	(319,651)	(333,800)	(245,077)	(266,614)	(90,445)	(117,300)	(152,265)	(167,768)	(200,172)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Covered payroll	\$1,005,475	\$1,001,202	\$821,497	\$864,802	\$1,050,566	\$1,208,381	\$1,221,222	\$1,203,464	\$1,638,314
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	31.79%	33.34%	29.83%	30.83%	8.61%	9.71%	12.47%	13.94%	12.22%

^{*} Fiscal Year 2014-2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore, less than ten years are shown from the information available.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN COMMISSION NET OPEB LIABILITIES LAST 10 YEARS*

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Commission's proportion of the net OPEB liability	\$276,000	\$290,000	\$245,000	\$271,000	\$231,000	\$269,000
Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	0.0689%	0.0698%	0.0688%	0.081%	0.090%	0.090%
Commission's covered payroll	\$819,000	\$930,000	\$975,000	\$1,088,000	\$1,292,000	\$1,195,000
Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	33.70%	31.18%	25.13%	24.91%	17.88%	22.51%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	42.30%	42.56%	51.02%	55.38%	65.43%	56.74%
Measurement Date	12/31/2017	12/31/2018	12/31/2019	12/31/2020	12/31/2021	12/31/2022

^{*} Fiscal Year 2017-2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, less than ten years are shown from the information available.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF COMMISSION CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB LAST 10 YEARS*

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)	\$34,000	\$39,000	\$41,000	\$38,000	\$42,000	\$49,000
Contribution in relation to the ADC	(34,000)	(39,000)	(41,000)	(38,000)	(42,000)	(49,000)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$877,000	\$975,000	\$1,091,000	\$1,154,000	\$1,189,000	\$1,490,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	3.90%	4.00%	3.76%	3.29%	3.53%	3.29%

^{*} Fiscal Year 2017-2018 was the first year of implementation, therefore, less than ten years are shown from the information available.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FIRST 5 CALIFORNIA FUNDING YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

First 5 California Funding

	8	Beginning			Ending Program
	Funding	Program Balance	Revenue*		Balance
Program Title	Source	(As of July 1)	F5CA Funds	Expenditures	(As of June 30)
IMPACT	F5CA Program Funds	\$1,515,495	\$1,441,584	\$1,441,584	\$73,911
	County, Local Funds			\$1,184,097	
Home Visiting Coordination	F5CA Program Funds	\$178,146	\$16,682	\$16,682	\$161,464

^{*} For the purpose of this schedule, the revenue and expenditures reported, in amount of \$1,441,584 for IMPACT and \$16,682 for Home Visiting Coordination represents the amount claimed by the Commission. For governmental fund or modified accrual financial reporting purposes, a total of \$641,131 was identified as unavailable revenue as it was not received within the Commission's period of availability to recognize revenue as described in Note 1.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

The information in this section is not covered by the Independent Auditor's Report, but it is presented as supplemental data for the benefit of the readers of the annual comprehensive financial report. The objectives of statistical section information are to provide financial statement users with additional detailed information as a context for understanding what the financial statements, notes to financial statements, and required supplementary information say about the Commission's economic condition.

Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Commission's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. (Schedules 1 -4)	Page(s) 55	
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the Commission's most significant revenue base. (Schedules 5 -7)	63	
Debt Capacity This schedule contains trend information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Commission's current levels of outstanding debt and the Commission's ability to issue additional debt in the future. (Schedule 8)	67	
Demographic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand how the information in the Commission's financial report relates to the services the Commission provides and the activities it performs. (Schedules 9 -11)	68	
Operating Information This schedule contains infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Commission's financial report relates to the services the Commission performs. (Schedules 12 -14)	72	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant years.

(1) Since certain data (i.e. total personal income, per capita personal income and unemployment) are not considered relevant to Commission operations, substitute information specific to the Commission is presented.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY FINANCIAL TRENDS NET POSITION BY COMPONENT SCHEDULE 1

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year

	2023	2022*	2021	2020
Net investment in capital assets	\$ (2,095)	\$ (2,108)	\$ -	\$ -
Unrestricted	66,766,547	 63,931,743	57,224,411	 47,128,853
Total net position	\$ 66,764,452	\$ 63,929,635	\$ 57,224,411	\$ 47,128,853

^{*} First year of implementation for GASB No. 87

^{**} First year of implementation for GASB No. 75

^{***} First year of implementation for GASB No. 68

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY FINANCIAL TRENDS NET POSITION BY COMPONENT SCHEDULE 1 (CONTINUED)

Fiscal Year

2019	2018**	2017		2016		2015***		2014	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
 40,695,150	 37,446,530	 44,034,865		51,621,511		54,471,707		64,690,535	
\$ 40,695,150	\$ 37,446,530	\$ 44,034,865	\$	51,621,511	\$	54,471,707	\$	64,690,535	

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY FINANCIAL TRENDS CHANGES NET POSITION SCHEDULE 2

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Fiscal	Ye	ar		
		2023		2022		2021		2020
Evenesses								
Expenses: Governmental activities:								
Salaries and benefits	\$	1,867,850	\$	1,074,187	\$	1,105,824	\$	854,804
Child development	Ψ	21,921,125	₩	19,218,830	Ψ	24,581,349	Ψ	29,826,480
Total expenses	\$	23,788,975	\$	20,293,017	\$	25,687,173	\$	30,681,284
, n				_				
Revenues: Governmental activities:								
Operating grants and contributions								
Prop 10 Tobacco taxes	\$	21,069,393	\$	24,080,410	\$	25,496,594	\$	24,991,179
First 5 CARES Plus	Ψ	21,009,393	Ψ	24,000,410	Ψ	25,490,594	Ψ	24,991,179
First 5 Child Signature Program								
First 5 IMPACT and Hubs, DDL, HV		1,457,485		1,347,166		1,407,032		4,124,541
CalWORKS Home Visiting		1,474,084		1,643,966		2,277,595		.,,
Other State operating grants and								
Federal operating grants		350,126		531,566		379,171		6,599,710
Investment income earned on tobacco		77,855		11,467		15,412		86,655
taxes at the State Level (SMIF)								
General revenues								
Investment income, net of fair value		2,014,113		(787,916)		131,764		1,021,339
Miscellaneous revenue		180,736		171,583		6,075,163		302,616
Total revenues	\$	26,623,792	\$	26,998,241	\$	35,782,731	\$	37,126,040
Change in Net Position	\$	2,834,817	\$	6,705,224	\$	10,095,558	\$	6,444,756

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY FINANCIAL TRENDS CHANGES NET POSITION SCHEDULE 2 (CONTINUED)

Fiscal Year											
	2019		2018		2017		2016	2015		2014	
\$	961,012 26,092,909	\$	1,149,377 32,076,788	\$	1,215,649 33,178,190	\$	1,727,197 30,870,890	\$	1,689,772 34,608,366	\$	1,747,564 36,672,235
\$	27,053,921	\$	33,226,165	\$	34,393,839	\$	32,598,087	\$	36,298,138	\$	38,419,799
	22.552.200		24.047.22	*	24.700.024	*	25.050.004		25.040.404		24225
\$	23,573,280	\$	21,867,232	\$	24,790,836	\$	25,879,036 246,281 2,042,528	\$	25,943,624 575,300 3,350,818	\$	26,395,725 269,033 2,719,243
	2,120,578		2,745,724		976,964		_,, ,_,,		2,223,223		_,, _,,_ ,
	3,009,855		1,628,595		445,121		696,686		260,297		902,242
	64,514		31,875		20,192		12,315		8,082		7,071
	1,188,495		431,764		343,403		441,810		206,029		349,366
	345,819		191,640		230,677		429,235		151,086		56,520
\$	30,302,541	\$	26,896,830	\$	26,807,193	\$	29,747,891	\$	30,495,236	\$	30,699,200
\$	3,248,620	\$	(6,329,335)	\$	(7,586,646)	\$	(2,850,196)	\$	(5,802,902)	\$	(7,720,599)

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY FINANCIAL TRENDS FUND BALANCES – GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE 3

25,454,748

27,371,154

\$ 65,625,425

FUND BALANCES - GENERAL FUND

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Nonspendable fund balance

Committed fund balance

Unassigned fund balance

Assigned fund balance

Total fund balances

FUND BALANCES

Fiscal Year									
2023		2022		2021	2020				
776,423	\$	2,329,229	\$	2,385,722	\$	3,958,321			
12,023,100		18,239,879		15,241,303		13,237,942			

37,229,072

2,182,135

57,038,232

26,129,406

43,325,669

23,016,569

19,776,592

63,362,269

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY FINANCIAL TRENDS FUND BALANCES – GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE 3 (CONTINUED)

Fiscal Year

1 Dom 1 cm										
2019 2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		
\$ 3,889,032	\$	4,542,478	\$	5,566,849	\$	7,277,958	\$	9,340,291	\$	10,782,162
14,472,082		18,596,717		21,769,602		26,486,583		30,112,816		34,561,184
18,932,072		14,001,862		19,957,923		20,866,371		15,589,112		16,374,998
\$ 37,293,186	\$	37,141,057	\$	47,294,374	\$	54,630,912	\$	55,042,219	\$	61,718,344

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY FINANCIAL TRENDS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE 4

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GENERAL FUND

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023	2022*	2021	2020
Revenues:				
Prop 10 Tobacco taxes	\$ 20,975,393	\$ 24,080,410	\$ 25,496,594	\$ 28,541,094
First 5 CARES Plus	# _ 0,5 / 0,5 5	Ψ = 1, 000,110	# _ 0,120,021	Ψ 2 0,0 11,0 7 1
First 5 Child Signature Program				
Other State operating grants and contributions	1,366,384	1,615,672	4,713,034	1,238,020
CalWORKS Home Visiting	1,474,084	1,643,966	2,277,595	, ,
Investment income earned on tobacco taxes at		11,467	15,412	151,169
the State Level (SMIF)				
Medi-Cal Administrative Activities	350,126	531,566	379,171	193,505
Investment income	2,014,113	324,488	131,764	1,021,339
Net decrease in fair value of investments		(1,112,404)		
Other revenue	177,342	171,597	7,007,478	6,259,051
Total revenues	26,357,442	27,266,762	40,021,048	37,404,178
Expenditures:				
Current				
Salaries and benefits	2,173,148	1,726,003	1,724,112	1,545,217
Expenditures related to "Zero to Five"	18,359,405	18,146,011	22,943,993	26,470,166
Program				
Catalytic Round 1 and 2 Program Funding	3,482,136	992,258	1,640,380	3,356,314
Debt Service				
Principal Retirement	75,972	74,572		
Interest	3,625	3,881		
Capital Outlay	496,181			
Total expenditures	24,590,467	20,942,725	26,308,485	31,371,697
Excess (deficiency) or revenues	1,766,975	6,324,037	13,712,563	6,032,481
over (under) expenditures				
Other Financing Sources:				
Leases	496,181			
Total changes in fund balance	\$ 2,263,156	\$ 6,324,037	\$ 13,712,563	\$ 6,032,481

^{*} First year of implementation for GASB No. 87

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY FINANCIAL TRENDS CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE 4 (CONTINUED)

Fiscal Year										
	2019 2018			2017	2016	2015	2014			
\$	20,023,365	\$ 21,867	,232 \$	24,790,836	\$ 25,879,036	\$ 25,943,624	\$ 26,395,725			
			, "	, ,	320,200	272,815	306,465			
					4,451,854	2,666,529	117,853			
	2,755,797	977	,176	1,419,176						
		31	,875	20,192	12,315	8,082	7,071			
	674,988	519	,989	445,121	696,686	420,247	741,798			
	1,188,495	431	,764	343,403	441,810	206,029	349,365			
	3,031,938	1,300	,246	230,677	429,236	151,086	282,705			
	27,674,583	25,128	,282	27,249,405	32,231,137	29,668,412	28,200,982			
	1,429,545 21,571,504	3,204 26,410	-	1,407,753 26,146,461	1,771,554 24,621,958	1,736,171 28,193,233	1,774,802 31,347,721			
	4,521,405	5,666	,504	7,031,729	6,248,932	6,415,133	5,324,514			
	27,522,454	35,281	,599	34,585,943	32,642,444	36,344,537	38,447,037			
	152,129	(10,153	,317)	(7,336,538)	(411,307)	(6,676,125)	(10,246,055)			
	152,129	\$ (10,153	.317) \$	(7,336,538)	\$ (411,307)	\$ (6,676,125)	\$ (10,246,055)			

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY REVENUE CAPACITY TAX REVENUE CAPACITY SCHEDULE 5

FIRST 5 CALIFORNIA COUNTY TAX REVENUE CAPACITY

Actual Tobacco Tax Revenues Received (1)	Orange County	State Total						
2009/2010	\$29,706,126	\$381,995,574						
2010/2011	\$28,809,921	\$374,284,018						
2011/2012	\$28,988,350	\$377,690,133						
2012/2013	\$27,024,505	\$360,434,399						
2013/2014	\$26,395,725	\$347,802,124						
2014/2015	\$25,943,624	\$342,274,305						
2015/2016	\$25,879,036	\$341,825,349						
2016/2017	\$24,790,836	\$322,951,561						
2017/2018	\$21,867,232	\$285,852,695						
2018/2019	\$23,573,280	\$302,205,278						
2019/2020	\$24,991,179	\$315,315,235						
2020/2021	\$25,496,594	\$324,935,472						
2021/2022	\$24,080,410	\$308,031,131						
2022/2023	\$20,975,393	\$269,574,902						
Projected Tobacco Tax Revenues								
2023/2024*	\$17,299,308	\$237,422,654						
2024/2025**	\$16,693,832	\$229,112,861						
2025/2026**	\$16,109,548	\$221,093,911						
2026/2027**	\$15,545,714	\$213,355,624						
2027/2028**	\$15,001,614	\$205,888,177						

⁽¹⁾ Historical data and projected revenues are presented to communicate tax revenue capacity as a declining revenue source

^{*} Source: First 5 California County Tax Revenue Projections for 2023/24 (Updated 8/3/23 utilizing DOF May Revise 2023 Tobacco Tax Projections and DOF Birth Projections for California State and Counties 1990-2040)

^{**} Future year projections are no longer provided by First 5 CA and DOF. A 3.5% dedine is assumed for the final four years of projections.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY REVENUE CAPACITY SURTAX REVENUE SCHEDULE 6

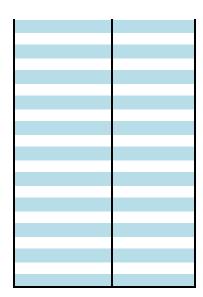
STATE OF CALIFORNIA - CIGARETTE TAXES AND OTHER TOBACCO PRODUCTS SURTAX REVENUE

FY 1959-60 TO 2021-2

_		Cig	arette tax		Other tobacco p	roducts surtax
		Distributors'	Gross value of			
Fiscal year	Revenue a/	discounts b/	tax indicia c/	Refunds	Revenue	Rate (%)
2021-22	1,552,563,789	4,611,767	1,557,175,556	847,881	288,996,313	63.49%
2020-21	1,700,943,000	5,053,000	1,705,996,000	335,000	266,694,000	56.93%
2019-20	1,708,597,000	5,075,000	1,713,672,000	1,191,000	258,560,000	59.27%
2018-19	1,786,074,000	5,305,000	1,791,379,000	3,659,000	271,772,000	62.78%
2017-18	1,882,025,000	5,590,000	1,887,615,000	1,033,000	211,440,000	65.08%
2016-17	950,676,000	6,091,000	956,768,000	1,185,000	95,330,000	27.30%
2015-16	741,937,000	6,360,000	748,297,000	1,262,000	101,427,000	28.13%
2014-15	748,022,000	6,413,000	754,434,000	837,000	86,949,000	28.95%
2013-14	751,513,000	6,443,000	757,956,000	600,000	86,424,000	29.82%
2012-13	782,115,000	6,705,000	788,820,000	498,000	82,548,000	30.68%
2011-12	820,322,000	7.032.000	827,355,000	1,017,000	80,424,000	31.73%
2010-11	828,831,000	7,105,000	835,937,000	1,308,000	77,016,000	33.02%
2009-10	838,709,000	7,187,000	845,896,000	1,583,000	84,617,000	41.11%
2008-09	912,724,000	7,819,000	920,543,000	626,000	85,506,000	45.13%
2007-08	955,030,000	8,185,000	963,215,000	727,000	85,929,000	45.13%
2006-07	998,723,000	8,558,000	1,007,281,000	1,330,000	79,946,000	46.76%
2005-06	1,026,497,000	8,795,000	1,035,293,000	1,707,000	67,348,000	46.76%
2004-05	1,024,272,000	8,778,000	1,033,051,000	1,653,000	58,441,000	46.76%
2003-04	1,021,366,000	8,755,000	1,030,121,000	4,721,000	44,166,000	46.76%
2002-03	1,031,772,000	8,845,000	1,040,617,000	13,248,000	40,996,000	48.89%
2001-02	1,067,004,000	9,146,000	1,076,150,000	10,774,000	50,037,000	52.65%
2000-01	1,110,692,000	9,503,000	1,120,195,000	8,741,000	52,834,000	54.89%
1999-00	1,166,880,000	9,980,000	1,176,859,000	9,413,000	66,884,000	66.50%
1998-99	841,911,000	7,206,000	849,117,000	6,808,000	42,137,000	61.53%
1997-98	612,066,000	5,244,000	617,309,000	5,448,000	39,617,000	29.37%
1996-97	629,579,000	5,394,000	634,973,000	5,060,000	41,590,000	30.38%
1995-96	639,030,000	5,469,000	644,499,000	6,193,000	32,788,000	31.20%
1994-95	656,923,000	5,628,000	662,551,000	11,159,000	28,460,000	31.20%
1993-94	647,993,000	5,553,000	653,546,000	8,353,000	19,773,000	23.03%
1992-93	667,479,000	5,715,000	673,195,000	9,138,000	21,480,000	26.82%
1991-92	711,275,000	6,086,000	717,362,000	7,791,000	22,016,000	29.35%
1990-91	729,612,000	6,242,000	735,854,000	7,904,000	24,064,000	34.17%
1989-90	770,042,000	6,581,000	776,623,000	11,615,000	24,956,000	37.47%
1988-89	499,712,000	4,273,000	503,984,000	4,968,000	9,994,000	41.67%
1987-88	254,869,000	2,180,000	257,049,000	2,970,000		
1986-87	257,337,000	2,202,000	259,539,000	2,661,000		
1985-86	260,960,000	2,231,000	263,190,000	2,834,000		
1984-85	265,070,000	2,267,000	267,337,000	2,390,000		
1983-84	265,265,000	2,267,000	267,532,000	2,756,000		
1982-83	273,748,000	2,336,000	276,084,000	2,060,000		
1981-82 1980-81	278,667,000 280,087,000	2,383,000 2,395,000	281,050,000 282,482,000	1,843,000 1,567,000		

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY REVENUE CAPACITY SURTAX REVENUE SCHEDULE 6 (CONTINUED)

			_	
1979-80	272,119,000	2,327,000	274,446,000	1,645,000
1978-79	270,658,000	2,315,000	272,973,000	1,408,000
1977-78	275,042,000	2,352,000	277,394,000	1,239,000
1976-77	270,502,000	2,315,000	272,817,000	832,000
1975-76	269,852,000	2,309,000	272,161,000	927,000
1974-75	264,182,000	2,262,000	266,444,000	745,000
1973-74	259,738,000	2,222,000	261,960,000	632,000
1972-73	253,089,000	2,167,000	255,256,000	626,000
1971-72	248,398,000	2,127,000	250,525,000	677,000
1970-71	240,372,000	2,058,000	242,430,000	552,000
1969-70	237,220,000	2,032,000	239,253,000	455,000
1968-69	238,836,000	2,046,000	240,882,000	492,000
1967-68	208,125,000	1,862,000	209,987,000	328,000
1966-67	75,659,000	1,543,000	77,202,000	129,000
1965-66	74,880,000	1,528,000	76,407,000	88,000
1964-65	74,487,000	1,520,000	76,007,000	61,000
1963-64	71,530,000	1,459,000	72,989,000	71,000
1962-63	70,829,000	1,445,000	72,274,000	79,000
1961-62	68,203,000	1,390,000	69,593,000	47,000
1960-61	66,051,000	1,675,000	67,726,000	76,000
1959-60	61,791,000	767,000	62,558,000	67,000



Source: CDTFA Open Data Portal: Cigarette Taxes and Other Tobacco Products Surtax Revenue, 1959-60 to 2021-22 Note: Detail may not compute to total due to rounding.

- a. Net of refunds for tax indicia on cigarettes that become unfit for use (See Refunds).
- b. A discount of .85 percent of gross value of tax indicia is granted to distributors for affixing the stamps. From July 1, 1960, until August 1, 1967, the discount rate was 2 percent.
- c. Includes sales of indicia purchased on credit. Effective July 16, 1961, distributors have been able to purchase tax indicia on credit.
- d. Effective April 1, 2017, the overall tax rate on cigarettes was increased from 87 cents to \$2.87 per pack.
- e. From July 1, 2001, through September 9, 2001, the surtax rate on smokeless tobacco ranged from 131 percent for moist snuff to 490 percent for chewing tobacco. Effective September 10, 2001, the surtax rate on smokeless tobacco was lowered to 52.65 percent.
- f. Effective January 1, 1999, the overall tax rate on cigarettes was increased from 37 cents to 87 cents per pack under voter-approved Proposition 10. The additional 50-cent-per-pack tax was imposed to raise funds for early childhood development programs. Excludes \$87,978,766 in 1998-99 from the floor stocks taxes for both cigarettes and other tobacco products levied on January 1, 1999.
- g. From July 1, 1998, through December 31, 1998, the surtax rate was 26.17 percent for other tobacco products. Effective January 1, 1999, the new surtax imposed under Proposition 10 raised the combined surtax rate to 61.53 percent for other tobacco products. The new surtax is equivalent (in terms of the wholesale costs of other tobacco products) to a 50-cent-perpack tax on cigarettes.
- h. Effective January 1, 1994, the overall tax rate on cigarettes was increased from 35 cents to 37 cents per pack. The additional 2-cent-per-pack tax was imposed to raise funds for breast cancer research and education.
- i. Effective January 1, 1989, an additional 25-cent-per-pack surtax was imposed on cigarettes and a new 41.67 percent surtax was imposed on other tobacco products. Excludes \$57,927,856 in 1988-89 and \$595,000 in 1989-90 from the floor stocks tax levied on January 1, 1989.
- j. Effective August 1, 1967, the tax rate was increased from 3 cents to 7 cents per pack. On October 1, 1967, the rate was further increased to 10 cents per pack, with the stipulation that 30 percent of the tax be allocated to cities and counties. Includes \$6,515,209 from the 4-cent-per-pack floor stocks tax levied on August 1, 1967; and \$4,889,485 from the 3-cent-per-pack floor stocks tax imposed October 1, 1967.
- k. Refunds made for distributors' discounts in the 1960-61 fiscal year on purchases made in the 1959-60 fiscal year have been deducted. Refunds amounted to \$324,000.
- 1. Effective July 1, 1960, a discount was allowed at the time tax indicia were purchased.
- m. Includes \$2,673,048 from the 3-cent-per-pack floor stocks tax imposed July 1, 1959; and also includes the amount of distributors' discounts which were refunded after purchase of indicia. During July and August of 1959, the tax was collected by invoice and no discount was allowed on these collections of \$8,123,700, nor on the \$2,673,048 tax on floor stocks.
- n. The total 2017-18 expenditures for Prop 56 are \$4,932,471. The breakdown by fund is: 1) \$677,227 Fund 3304, 2) \$4,255,244 Fund 3308 (please note that in 2017-18 the fund was 3308 and now 3319 is a subaccount of this fund). The total 2018-19 expenditures for Prop 56 are \$3,638,637. The breakdown by fund is: 3) \$521,404 Fund 3304, 4) \$3,117,233 Fund 3319. Funds are used to reimburse the CDTFA for expenses incurred in the administration, enforcement, collection and distribution of the tax imposed by Proposition 56.
- r. Revised

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY REVENUE CAPACITY DISTRIBUTIONS AND PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION SCHEDULE 7

STATE OF CALIFORNIA - CIGARETTE DISTRIBUTIONS AND PER CAPITA CONSUMPTION, 1959-60 TO 2021-22

	Reported distributions (Millions of packages)			Apparent per capita consumption (a.)		
Fiscal year	Total	Tax paid	Tax exempt	(In packages)		
1	2	3	4	(III packages)		
2021-22	549	549	7	14.0		
2020-21	601	594	7	15.2		
2019-20	628	597	31	15.8		
2018-19	635	624	11	15.9		
2017-18	665	651	14	16.7		
2016-17	818	805	14	20.7		
2015-16	875	860	15	22.3		
2014-15	881	867	14	22.8		
2013-14	889	871	18	23.2		
2012-13	930	907	23	24.5		
2011-12	972	951	21	25.8		
2010-11	989	961	28	26.4		
2009-10	1,002	972	30	26.9		
2008-09	1,090	1,058	32	28.5		
2007-08	1,131	1,107	24	29.9		
2006-07	1,177	1,158	20	31.3		
2005-06	1,209	1,190	19	32.5		
2004-05	1,224	1,187	37	33.3		
2003-04	1,234	1,184	50	34.0		
2002-03	1,227	1,196	31	34.5		
2001-02	1,271	1,237	34	36.3		
2000-01	1,324	1,288	37	38.5		
1999-00	1,390	1,353	38	41.2		
1998-99	1,568	1,523	45	47.3		
1997-98	1,717	1,668	48	52.6		
1996-97	1,777	1,716	61	55.2		
1995-96	1,811	1,742	69	56.9		
1994-95	1,871	1,791	80	59.2		
1993-94	1,903	1,824	79	60.6		
1992-93	2,010	1,923	86	64.5		
1991-92	2,144	2,050	94	69.8		
1990-91	2,196	2,102	93	72.8		
1989-90	2,311	2,219	92	78.2		
1988-89	2,431	2,353	78	84.7		
1987-88	2,657	2,570	87	94.9		
1986-87	2,690	2,595	95	98.4		
1985-86	2,730	2,632	98	102.3		
1984-85	2,781	2,673	108	106.7		
1983-84	2,792	2,675	117	109.9		
1982-83	2,889	2,761	128	115.8		
1981-82	2,947	2,811	136	120.4		
1980-81	2,966	2,825	141	123.6		
1979-80	2,892	2,744	148	122.9		
1978-79	2,887	2,730	157	125.1		
1977-78	2,940	2,774	166	130.0		
1976-77	2,900	2,728	172	130.9		
1975-76	2,909	2,722	187	133.7		
1974-75	2,857	2,664	193	133.7		
1973-74	2,827	2,620	207	134.4		
1972-73	2,762	2,553	209	133.2		
1971-72	2,720	2,505	215	132.9		
1970-71	2,635	2,424	211	130.5		
1969-70	2,594	2,393	201	130.2		
1968-69	2,616	2,409	207	133.0		
1967-68	2,596	2,383	213	134.0		
1966-67	2,737	2,573	164	143.8		
1965-66	2,706	2,547	159	144.9		
1964-65	2,679	2,534	145	146.7		
1963-64	2,564	2,433	131	144.3		
1962-63	2,545	2,409	136	147.9		
1961-62	2,450	2,320	130	147.3		
1960-61	2,382	2,258	124	147.8		
1959-60	2,190	2,085	105	139.7		

 $Source: CDTFA\ Open\ Data\ Portal:\ Table\ 30B-Cigarette\ Distributions\ and\ Per\ Capita\ Consumption, 1959-60\ to\ 2021-22$

a. Based on reported distributions and latest estimate of January 1 population for each fiscal year.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY DEBT CAPACITY SCHEDULE 8

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Governmental Lease Liability ¹	Total Outstanding	Percentage of Personal Income ²	Population ³	Debt per Capita ⁴
2022	\$103,314	\$103,314	**	**	**
2023	\$523,524	\$523,524	**	**	**

^{*} Fiscal Year 2022 was the first year of Right of use Lease debt (The only debt for the Commission); therefore, only two years of debt is shown.

Souræs:

- 1. Lease Liability for Commission office space and equipment
- 2. Personal Incomes are not included in the Commission's report but are taken from the County of Orange Demographic and Economic Statistics table
- 3. California Department of Finance, Demographic Research Unit, most current information available is 2021
- 4. Debt per Capital is Total Outstanding Debt divided by Population

^{**} Data is unavailable

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY DEMOGRAPHIC INFOMATION DEMOGRAPHIC DATA SCHEDULE 9

ORANGE COUNTY DEMOGRAPHIC DATA

0.1.1.77		2024	2020	2040	2010	201-	2045	2045	2011	2012
Calendar Year	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Total Population	3,149,004	3,163,851	3,187,189	3,195,197	3,195,455	3,188,779	3,169,925	3,154,363	3,132,650	3,110,857
White	1,215,070	1,220,796	1,229,812	1,332,715	1,337,681	1,343,625	1,344,555	1,346,706	1,346,692	1,346,584
Black	54,183	54,431	54,832	48,709	48,461	48,291	47,967	47,666	47,378	46,861
American Indian or Alaska Native	6,154	6,172	6,223	6,814	6,803	6,757	6,694	6,646	6,616	6,567
Asian	703,313	706,633	711,841	582,038	582,939	578,861	572,878	568,260	562,210	556,929
Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander	8,692	8,752	8,809	9,214	9,229	9,179	9,118	9,062	8,976	8,907
Multiracial	91,588	92,018	92,698	83,019	81,798	80,332	78,567	76,945	75,229	73,659
Hispanic (any race)	1,070,004	1,075,049	1,082,974	1,132,688	1,128,544	1,121,734	1,110,146	1,099,078	1,085,549	1,071,350
Female	1,587,947	1,595,167	1,605,910	1,603,925	1,604,432	1,601,624	1,592,776	1,586,166	1,576,358	1,566,605
Male	1,561,057	1,568,684	1,581,279	1,591,272	1,591,023	1,587,155	1,577,149	1,568,197	1,556,292	1,544,252
Under 5 years	173,337	179,427	185,569	186,052	189,077	190,548	190,418	191,761	190,781	190,673
5-9 years	197,090	195,304	195,950	194,249	195,181	197,550	199,511	200,327	201,722	202,687
10-14 years	197,587	198,793	199,710	205,066	207,164	207,123	206,040	206,963	207,959	208,771
15-19 years	201,939	203,393	207,113	223,102	224,592	225,606	229,594	231,068	232,205	233,344
20-24 years	220,859	231,632	239,811	234,883	238,125	242,422	241,899	237,404	232,533	226,620
25-34 years	420,197	418,146	417,984	385,438	388,463	390,626	393,549	399,655	405,611	409,265
35-44 years	380,478	383,180	387,158	408,397	409,018	408,554	409,183	413,829	420,177	427,246
45-54 years	395,873	404,507	413,325	449,860	457,322	462,522	462,357	461,678	458,394	454,950
55-59 years	203,018	207,088	212,475	219,708	218,745	217,212	214,016	209,792	203,586	198,210
60-64 years	204,053	204,598	203,993	192,323	188,312	182,801	176,306	169,450	163,416	158,957
65-74 years	311,342	306,398	298,658	281,321	273,042	264,872	254,836	245,537	234,506	223,007
75-84 years	172,418	162,581	157,475	150,379	144,546	138,024	132,651	129,015	125,221	122,220
85+	70,813	68,804	67,968	64,419	61,868	60,919	59,565	57,884	56,539	54,907

Sources: California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. Report P-2A, P-2B, P-2C, P-2D: Population Projections, California Counties, 2020-2060 (Baseline 2019 Population Projections; Vintage 2023 Release). Sacramento: California. July 2023.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY DEMOGRAPHIC INFOMATION LIVE BIRTHS SCHEDULE 10

LIVE BIRTHS, CALIFORNIA COUNTIES, 2013-2022(By Place of Residence)*

	1				FICCAI	X/E/A D				
COUNTY	2022	2021	2020	2019	FISCAI 2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
CALIFORNIA	419,802	419,271	421,636	446,548	454,244	471,806	488,925	491,789	502,973	494,392
ALAMEDA	16,935	17,298	16,054	18,197	18,225	18,896	19,576	19,442	19,657	19,248
ALPINE		8	10,034	17	10,223	7	7	3	19,037	19,246
AMADOR	66 355	270	339	314	305	303	307	305	291	261
BUTTE	I I									
CALAVERAS	2,065	1,975	2,220	2,149	2,419	2,389	2,491	2,442	2,482	2,415
	387	361	392	401	375	421	374	380	348	337
COLUSA	295	273	252	249	267	293	316	298	285	313
CONTRA COSTA	11,950	11,735	12,343	11,811	11,995	12,186	12,344	12,599	12,560	12,149
DEL NORTE	219	225	311	281	269	269	310	300	324	315
EL DORADO	1,554	1,478	1,571	1,531	1,678	1,572	1,602	1,596	1,618	1,533
FRESNO	13884	13,663	14,781	14,051	14,413	14,546	15,134	15,363	15,796	15,735
GLENN	347	359	385	398	365	378	379	376	416	399
HUMBOLDT	1275	1,256	1,306	1,406	1,365	1,372	1,491	1,445	1,474	1,531
IMPERIAL	2,395	2,423	2,669	2,618	2,628	2,924	2,990	3,217	3,270	3,068
INYO	165	172	185	191	176	212	182	203	226	230
KERN	12,480	12,459	12,025	12,772	12,874	13,330	13,733	13,769	14,199	14,145
KINGS	2,164	2,239	2,060	2,101	2,256	2,375	2,248	2,275	2,342	2,394
LAKE	656	703	844	732	714	750	749	724	748	758
LASSEN	252	243	211	284	307	301	306	294	326	294
LOS ANGELES	95,478	97,153	94,646	106,987	110,167	116,850	122,940	124,438	130,150	128,523
MADERA	2,056	2,102	2,477	2,066	2,076	2,121	2,355	2,225	2,313	2,314
MARIN	2,390	1,994	1,994	2,083	2,122	2,238	2,255	2,288	2,403	2,320
MARIPOSA	171	125	156	132	154	141	148	166	138	134
MENDOCINO	900	911	941	926	896	992	1,024	1,052	1,020	1,014
MERCED	3,922	3,768	4,432	3,851	3,870	4,202	4,117	4,105	4,158	4,161
MODOC	21	14	51	89	100	88	97	80	90	63
MONO	103	106	99	128	129	147	131	152	149	150
MONTEREY	5,420	5,642	5,424	5,882	5,887	5,813	6,222	6,426	6,458	6,547
NAPA	1,196	1,187	1,215	1,294	1,206	1,291	1,407	1,456	1,478	1,449
NEVADA	789	766	786	812	772	797	783	876	817	816
ORANGE	30,588	30,759	33,744	34,909	35,643		38,121	37,622		37,256
PLACER		-				37,395			38,610	
	3,826	3,504	3,992	3,660	3,664	3,691	3,733	3,748	3,644	3,684
PLUMAS RIVERSIDE	141	146	186	162	168	173	169	163	147	152
	27,780	27,108	27,241	28,255	28,684	29,880	30,682	30,510	30,271	29,930
SACRAMENTO	18,232	18,105	18,850	18,988	19,052	19,206	19,592	19,430	19,886	19,367
SAN BENITO	819	688	833	791	772	735	777	720	697	752
SAN BERNARDINO	26,751	26,767	27,680	28,688	28,964	29,708	31,114	30,619	31,306	30,201
SAN DIEGO	37,567	37,695	34,708	38,645	40,008	41,251	42,741	43,961	44,596	43,627
SAN FRANCISCO	7,455	7,860	7,192	8,396	8,690	8,950	9,061	8,972	9,102	8,807
SAN JOAQUIN	9,818	9,715	10,405	10,076	9,811	9,929	10,269	9,986	10,095	9,799
SAN LUIS OBISPO	2,435	2,345	2,827	2,464	2,433	2,551	2,582	2,668	2,595	2,650
SAN MATEO	7,566	7,647	7,191	8,253	8,326	8,586	8,961	9,040	9,098	8,821
SANTA BARBARA	5,520	5,327	5,165	5,512	5,256	5,533	5,501	5,673	5,829	5,753
SANTA CLARA	18,805	19,717	19,191	21,100	21,267	22,137	23,044	23,393	23,759	23,296
SANTA CRUZ	2,229	2,172	2,402	2,395	2,447	2,661	2,803	2,841	3,047	2,867
SHASTA	1,835	1,832	1,969	1,876	1,961	2,008	2,048	2,074	2,083	2,140
SIERRA	21	16	29	24	26	32	32	31	21	14
SISKIYOU	311	310	414	434	438	446	462	466	451	443
SOLANO	4,968	4,907	5,027	5,053	5,039	5,133	5,262	5,132	5,251	5,255
SONOMA	4,555	4,278	3,990	4,377	4,525	4,645	4,964	5,016	5,075	4,982
STANISLAUS	7,293	7,064	7,595	7,295	7,339	7,443	7,867	7,700	7,521	7,579
SUTTER	1,323	1,140	1,430	1,255	1,266	1,263	1,368	1,302	1,317	1,285
TEHAMA	750	732	838	788	731	743	789	828	787	753
TRINITY	110	99	119	94	113	126	109	102	112	100
TULARE	6,819	6,689	6,361	6,763	6,900	7,131	7,146	7,412	7,618	7,651
TUOLUMNE	452	400	468	466	450	470	456	466	454	475
VENTURA	8,771	8,305	8,112	8,829	9,025	9,321	9,592	10,062	10,471	10,441
YOLO	1,958	1,975	2,272	2,080	2,127	2,271	2,423	2,402	2,395	2,491
YUBA		-		,			1,239			
1 ODA	1,214	1,061	1,228	1,167	1,099	1,184	1,239	1,155	1,193	1,200

California Department of Finance. Demographic Research Unit. P-Births: Historical and Projected Fertility Rates and Births, Calendar Year 1990-2040 (Baseline 2019 Population Projections; Vintage 2023 Release). Sacramento: California. July 2023.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY DEMOGRAPHIC INFOMATION CHILDREN'S SCORECARD SCHEDULE 11

CHILDREN'S SCORECARD ORANGE COUNTY TRENDS, 2012-2021

	2021	2020
GOOD HEALTH		
Total percentage of women who received early prenatal care*	**	88.20%
Newborns with low birth weight (less than 2,500 grams)*	**	1,900
Percent of Infants with low birth weight*	**	6.3%
Infants taken into protective custody due to positive testing for alcohol/drug	190	197
exposure at birth* (FY)		
Children adequately immunized at Kindergarten entry*	96.3%	94.7%
Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000 live births)*	**	2.8
Number of Teen Births and Teen Birth Rates per 1,000 females*	**	6.9
Breastfeeding Percentages (any)*	**	94.3%
Breastfeeding Percentages (exclusive)*	**	67.6%
ECONOMIC WELL-BEING		
Children receiving financial assistance though CalWORKS* (FY)	24,795	25,098
Percent of children receiving CalWORKS of total population under 18* (FY)	3.5%	3.5%
Percentage of students eligible for free and reduced lunch* (FY)	49.1%	48.6%
Number of participants served by the WIC program* (FY)	58,807	52,995
Total number of child support cases* (FY)	59,271	62,851
Total child support collections \$ (in millions)* (FY)	189.1	199.1
EDUCATIONAL ACHIEVEMENT		
Total public school enrollment* (FY)	456,028	473,066
Number of English learner students* (FY)	92,765	102,141
Average \$ expenditure per pupil for grades K-12* (FY)	13,257	12,600
Total number of students K-12 receiving special education* (FY)	**	**
SAFE HOMES AND COMMUNITIES		
Average monthly number of children in out-of-home care* (FY)	2,137	2,178
Average monthly number of dependents of the œurt* (FY)	3,098	3,082
Total juvenile arrests for youth 10 to 17 years of age*	**	**
Total number of juveniles referred to probation, 10 to 18 years*	**	2,543

^{*} The 28th Annual Report on the Condition of Children in Orange County 2021 presents dates through calendar year 2021. Data through FY 2022-23 not yet available.

^{**} Not yet available

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY DEMOGRAPHIC INFOMATION CHILDREN'S SCORECARD SCHEDULE 11 (CONTINUED)

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
87.00%	88.40%	86.90%	84.40%	85.20%	86.10%	88.30%	88.6%
2,374	2,227	2,222	2,397	2,360	2,433	2,330	2,401
6.8%	6.3%	5.8%	6.3%	6.3%	6.3%	6.3%	6.3%
234	180	190	178	121	110	98	82
95.5%	95.7%	95.7%	95.5%	92.5%	90.1%	88.7%	89.3%
2.9	2.6	2.9	2.7	2.5	3.0	3.3	3.4
7.5	8.3	9.9	10.9	12.0	14.8	16.7	19.2
93.9%	94.3%	94.8%	95.0%	95.1%	94.8%	94.0%	93.2%
66.0%	67.0%	65.8%	66.1%	67.1%	64.6%	62.7%	62.1%
26,545	30,816	34,485	38,982	42,345	42,877	43,916	45,950
3.7%	4.3%	4.7%	5.5%	6.0%	6.0%	6.1%	6.2%
48.6%	49.1%	47.7%	49.1%	49.0%	50.0%	47.9%	46.4%
27,666	57,874	61,406	71,367	78,856	87,408	92,303	98,219
68,878	66,296	70,403	68,117	67,732	68,635	70,608	77,582
185.3	184.3	184.0	182.3	178.8	177.9	178.6	180.1
.=					-		
478,149	485,099	489,791	492,886	497,116	500,487	501,801	502,195
105,441	113,938	119,315	123,001	129,390	130,570	123,390	130,076
12,200	11,420	10,926	9,105	9,128	8,274	7,950	7,952
**	57,141	55,908	54,231	53,512	53,005	52,216	51,905
2,003	1,872	1,816	1,774	1,825	1,945	2,012	2,085
	*	*		· · ·			
2,819 **	2,677	2,587	2,499	2,561	2,685	2,850	2,938
	2,729	3,770	4,521	4,829	6,580	6,892	8,566
3,417	4,250	5,098	5,617	5,808	7,156	7,821	8,882

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY OPERATING INFOMATION CAPTIAL ASSETS STATISTICS SCHEDULE 12

CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS

Capital Assets (equipment) are used by the Commission for general operating and administrative functions. Proposition 10 funds (tobacco taxes) were not used to purchase any capital assets.

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY OPERATING INFOMATION PRINCIPLE EMPLOYERS SCHEDULE 13

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

LAST YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

2022*						
Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment			
University of California, Irvine	26,182	1	1.63%			
The Walt Disney Co.	25,000	2	1.56%			
County of Orange	18,388	3	1.15%			
Providence	13,079	4	0.82%			
Kaiser Permanente	8,800	5	0.55%			
Albertsons Southern California Division	7,853	6	0.49%			
Hoag Memorial Hospital Presbyterian	7,051	7	0.44%			
Walmart Inc.	6,3 00	8	0.39%			
Target Corporation	6,000	9	0.37%			
MemorialCare	5,490	10	0.34%			

20		

Employer	Number of Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment
Walt Disney Co.	25,000	1	1.53%
University of California, Irvine	21,800	2	1.34%
County of Orange	17,632	3	1.08%
St. Joseph Health System	11,679	4	0.72%
Boeing Co.	6,873	5	0.42%
Kaiser Permanente	6,300	6	0.39%
Bank of America Corp.	6,000	7	0.37%
Memorial Care Health System	5,545	8	0.34%
Target Corp.	5,400	9	0.33%
Cedar Fair LP	5,2 00	10	0.32%

^{*} Source: Orange County Business Journal, Book of Lists 2022

^{**} Source: Orange County Business Journal, Book of Lists 2013

CHILDREN AND FAMILIES COMMISSION OF ORANGE COUNTY OPERATING INFOMATION EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION SCHEDULE 14

EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year 2019 2018 2016 2015 2014 Number of Employees by Function General Administration Finance Contracts Administration Program Management & Evaluation Total Employees

^{*} Table presents Regular and Limited-Term Employees



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board Commissioners Children and Families Commission of Orange County Santa Ana, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the general fund of the Children and Families Commission of Orange County (Commission), a component unit of the County of Orange, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 17, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Laguna Hills, California November 17, 2023

Esde Sailly LLP



Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance

To the Board of Commissioners Children and Families Commission of Orange County Santa Ana, California

Report on Compliance

Opinion

We have audited the Children and Families Commission of Orange County's (Commission), a component unit of the County of Orange, California, compliance with the requirements specified in the State of California's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act*, issued by the State Controller's Office, applicable to the Commission's statutory requirements identified below for the year ended June 30, 2023.

In our opinion, the Commission complied in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the California Children and Families Program for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the State of California's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act*, issued by the State Controller's Office. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Commission and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Commission's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the California Children and Families Program.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the Commission's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the State of California's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Commission's compliance with the requirements of the California Children and Families Program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the State of California's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the Commission's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances;
- Obtain an understanding of the Commission's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
 internal control over compliance in accordance with the State of California's Standards and Procedures
 for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal controls over
 compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion; and
- Select and test transactions and records to determine the Commission's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

Audit Guide Procedures	Procedures Performed
6	Yes
3	Yes
3	Yes
4	Yes
2	Yes
1	Yes
3	Yes
2	Yes
	Procedures 6 3 4 2 1 3

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identify during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention from those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing over compliance and the results of that testing based on the State of California's *Standards and Procedures for Audits of Local Entities Administering the California Children and Families Act*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Laguna Hills, California

Esde Saelly LLP

November 17, 2023